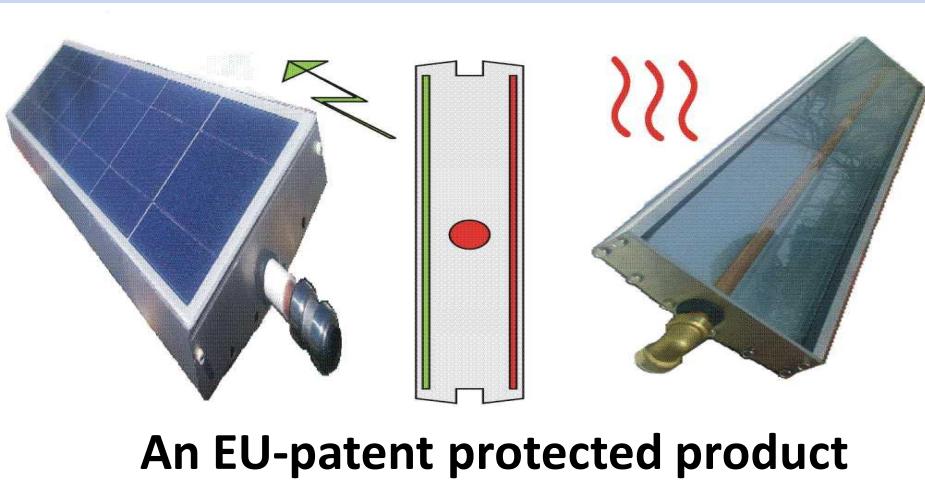


# TP4-enerSOL

A new *ThermicSol* product



## Double-Faced Thermo-Electric Solar-Panel TD/PV & Solar Tracker & Rotation Device



An EU-patent protected product

[TP4-referens.pdf](#)

[Introduction Show and Video in \\*.PPS](#)

[TP4-pricelist.xls](#)

Do you have your own property?  
Do you want to convert it into 'Green-Tech'?  
Are you choosing the method of solar collectors?  
Is the available roof space area is very limited?  
What kind of solar collectors will you give priority?

**Thermodynamics**      **Photovoltaics**      **Fifty - Fifty**

What will be the 'outcome' of each alternative?  
Good in winter time, but bad in summer time!  
Good all year around, but expensive to buy!  
Here comes the solution to the space problem!  
Now you can functionally double the available space area!  
Rotatable solar collectors - double faced - double functioning!  
Thermodynamic on the one and Photovoltaic on the other side!  
Total yearly energy output >200% compared to other makes!

Rotatable depending on season and according to your own energy needs.

Thermodynamics in winter time for space heating.  
Photovoltaics in summer time for electrical supply of air condition.

At last a fantastic revolution in Green Tech applications  
Info: +30 6932 231959 E: [tkmhellas@yahoo.gr](mailto:tkmhellas@yahoo.gr) www.tp4-enersol.com

European patent protected

WINTER season: Functioning 100 % thermodynamically with additional 10% photovoltaic energy (back side)  
SUMMER season: Functioning 100% photovoltaically - 22% more due to hybrid pipes for domestic hot water +15% 1-axis tracker

European patent protected | Larnaka Fafidhi, Araxi 22, 17562 Pafos,Greece  
tel: +357109827071 | fax: +35792221959 | e-mail: [tkmhellas@yahoo.gr](mailto:tkmhellas@yahoo.gr) | [www.tkmcyprus.com](http://www.tkmcyprus.com)

CHANGES IN WEATHER ALTERATION OF THE COLLECTORS

**TKM-ENERSOL-TP4**

SOLAR-ENERGY REVOLUTION!!! Double faced hybrid solar collectors TP4 "thermodynamics on one side and photovoltaics on the other side" photovoltaics with hybrid cooling effect for domestic hot water and swimming pool heating. Automatic rotation by requirements of weather.

**TKM/Tp4**

Technical leaflet TP4 Example of ordering Mounting instructions

**TKM Hellas**  
Project developing company

European patent protected | Larnaka Fafidhi, Araxi 22, 17562 Pafos,Greece  
tel: +357109827071 | fax: +35792221959 | e-mail: [tkmhellas@yahoo.gr](mailto:tkmhellas@yahoo.gr) | [www.tkmcyprus.com](http://www.tkmcyprus.com)

CHANGES IN WEATHER ALTERATION OF THE COLLECTORS

**TKM-ENERSOL-Tp4** Green-Tech New generation Photovoltaics

SOLAR-ENERGY REVOLUTION!!! Double faced hybrid solar collectors TP4 "thermodynamics on one side and photovoltaics on the other side" photovoltaics with hybrid cooling effect for domestic hot water and swimming pool heating. Automatic rotation by requirements of weather.

**TKM/Tp4**

Technical characteristics of photovoltaic modules and additive material for energy collection & usage

**TKM Hellas**  
Project developing company

European patent protected | Larnaka Fafidhi, Araxi 22, 17562 Pafos,Greece  
tel: +357109827071 | fax: +35792221959 | e-mail: [tkmhellas@yahoo.gr](mailto:tkmhellas@yahoo.gr) | [www.tkmcyprus.com](http://www.tkmcyprus.com)

[TP4-leaflet.pdf](#)

[TP4-broschyr.pdf](#)

[TP4-technical.pdf](#)

[TP4-photovoltaics.pdf](#)



**A New Solar System developed by ThermicSol Greece**  
**To stop video press HOME button**



**A New Art of Solar Technology  
is born!**

**T**hermodynamic **P**hotovoltaic **4**sensor

**Thermo-Electric Double-Faced Solar-Collector  
Rotatable complete with  
Autocalibrating Universe Solar Tracking Unit**

**Woaow!!!**

# TP4-enersol



**Video - Construction & function**



**Photos Structural parts**



**Photos Functional advantages**



**Photos Installation references**



**Drawings East / West Philosophy**



**Photos Functional positions East-West**

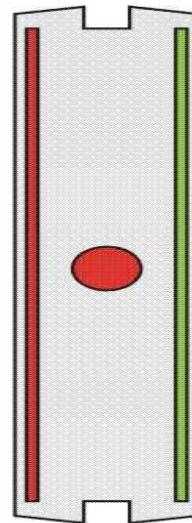


**Diagrams TD & PV output efficiency**



Pool-Heating and  
Hot Water in  
Winter season

Cooling A/C and  
Electricity in  
Summer season



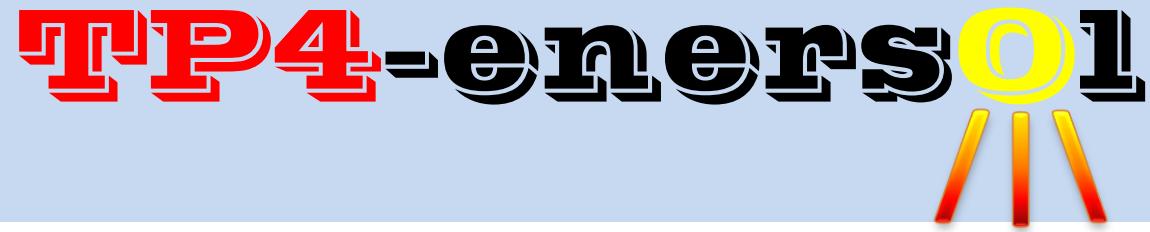
Change of functional side = Change of energy mode



## Highest possible energy flexibility



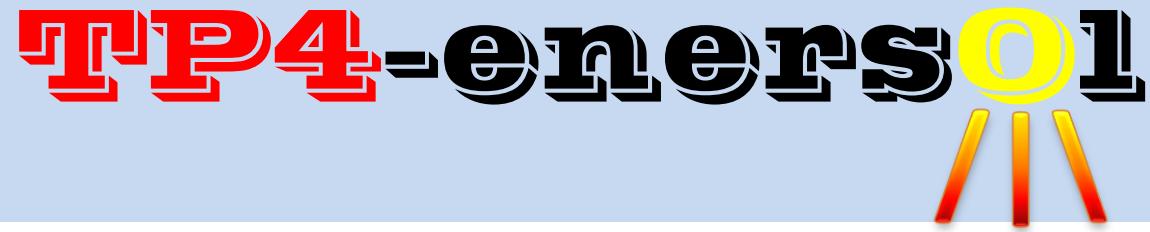
By the worm Gear rotation device



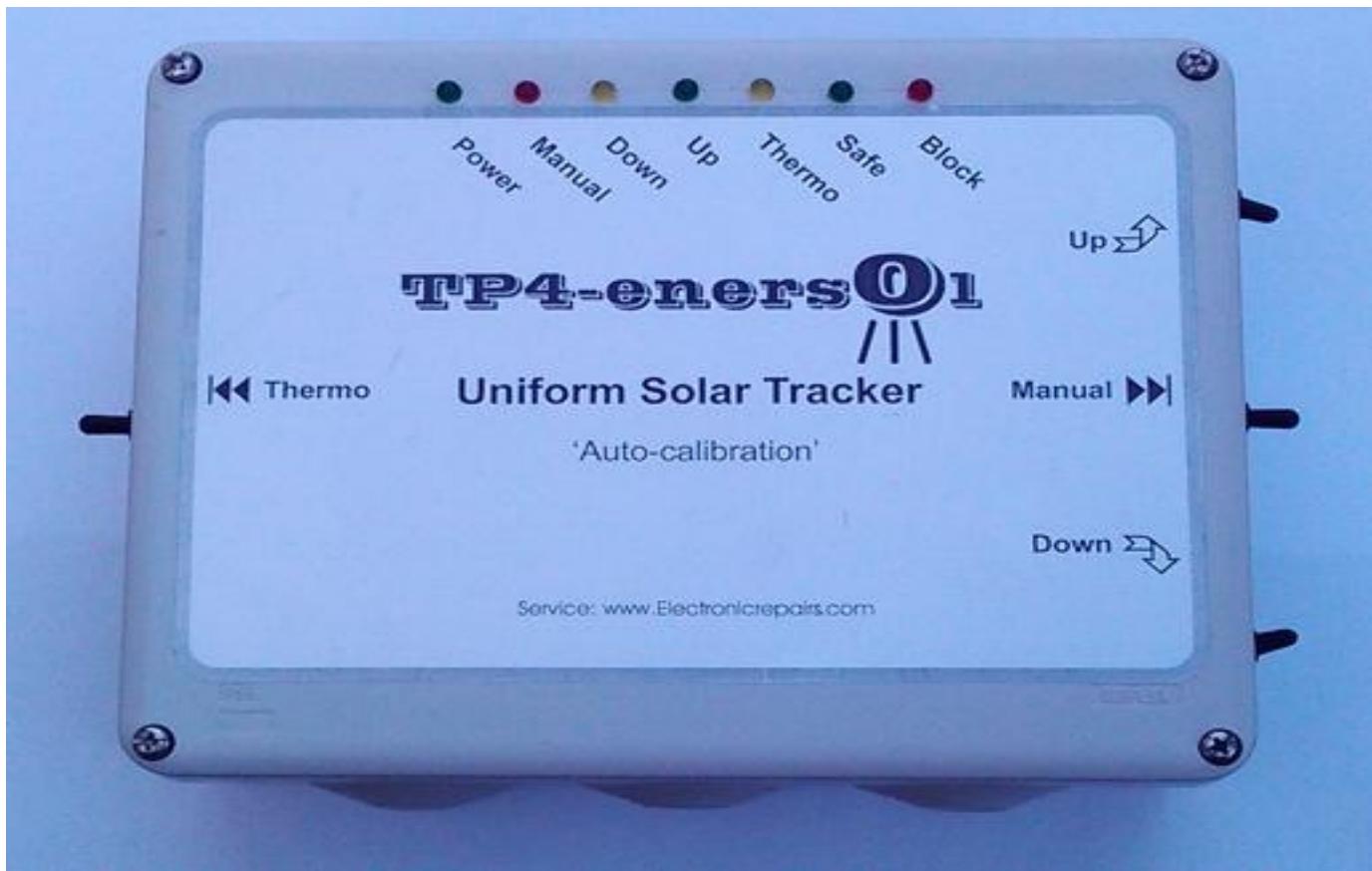
**Highest possible energy efficiency**



**By the quadruple solar sensor unit**



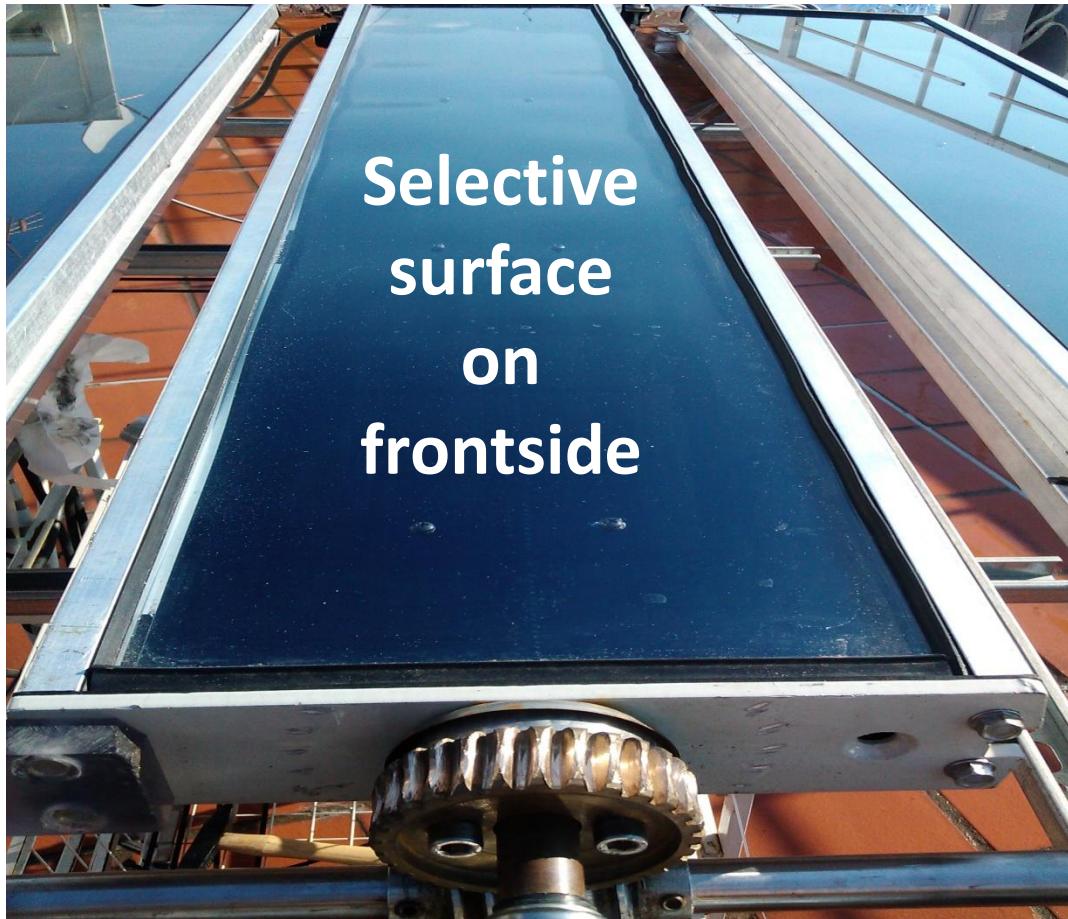
## Highest possible daily output



By Autocalibrating Solar Tracking Unit



## Normal working position for hot water



Basic function is the thermodynamic TD-mode



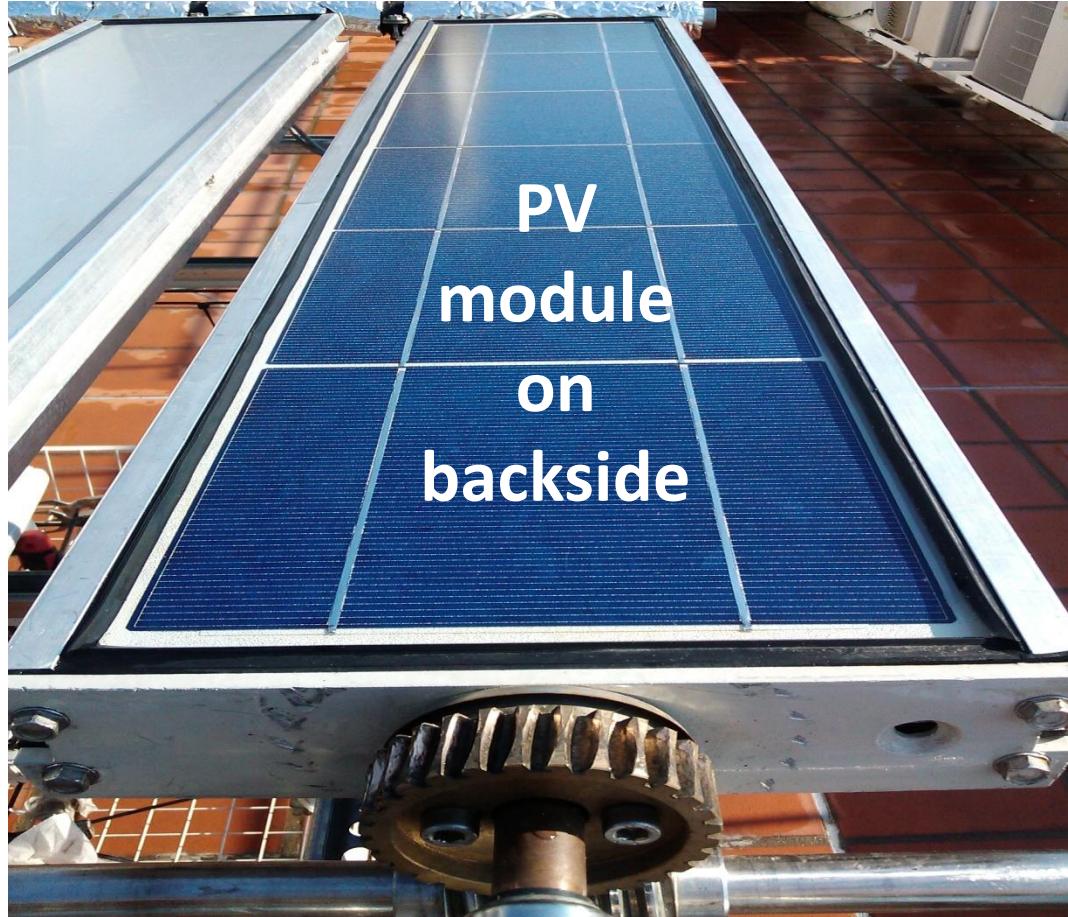
## No Overheating Problems when not used



Because panels can turn into shadowed mode



When heating is satisfied, use alternative energy



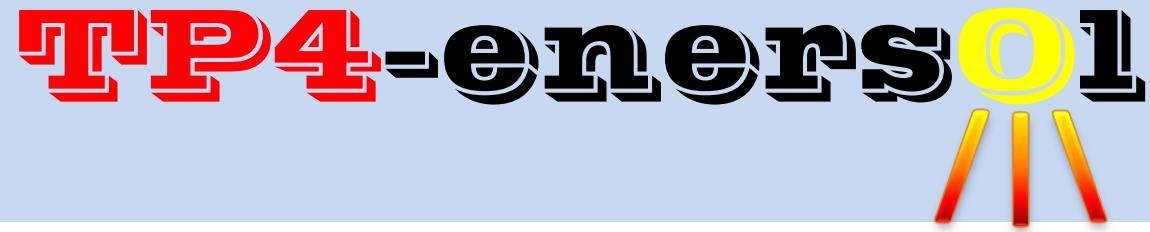
By turning the panels into their PV electric mode



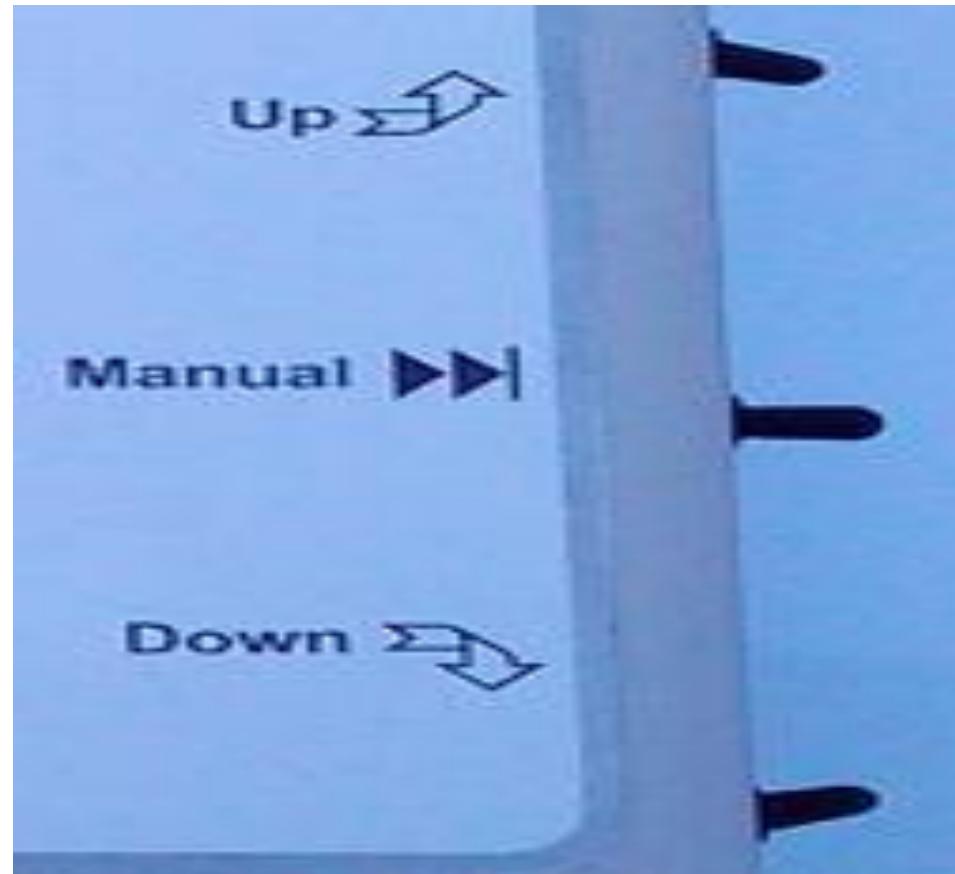
No Snow, Hail or Sand storm problems



Because panels turns into vertical safe position



**Easy cleaning of collecting surfaces on both sides**



**By moving the panels manually up & down**



**Full overview control within your home**



**With functional interior remote control panel**



## No architectural disturbance



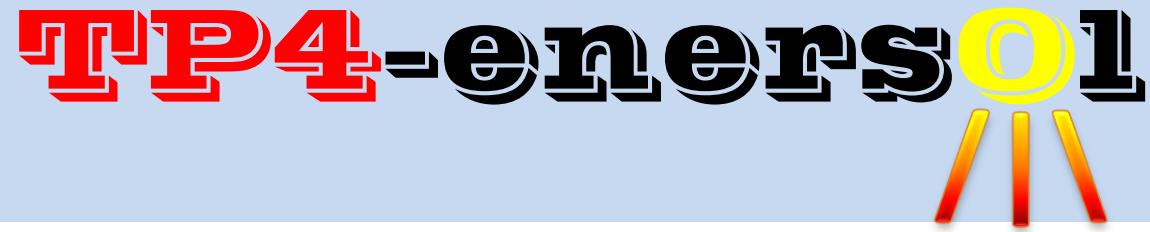
Due to low height of profile – only 200 mm



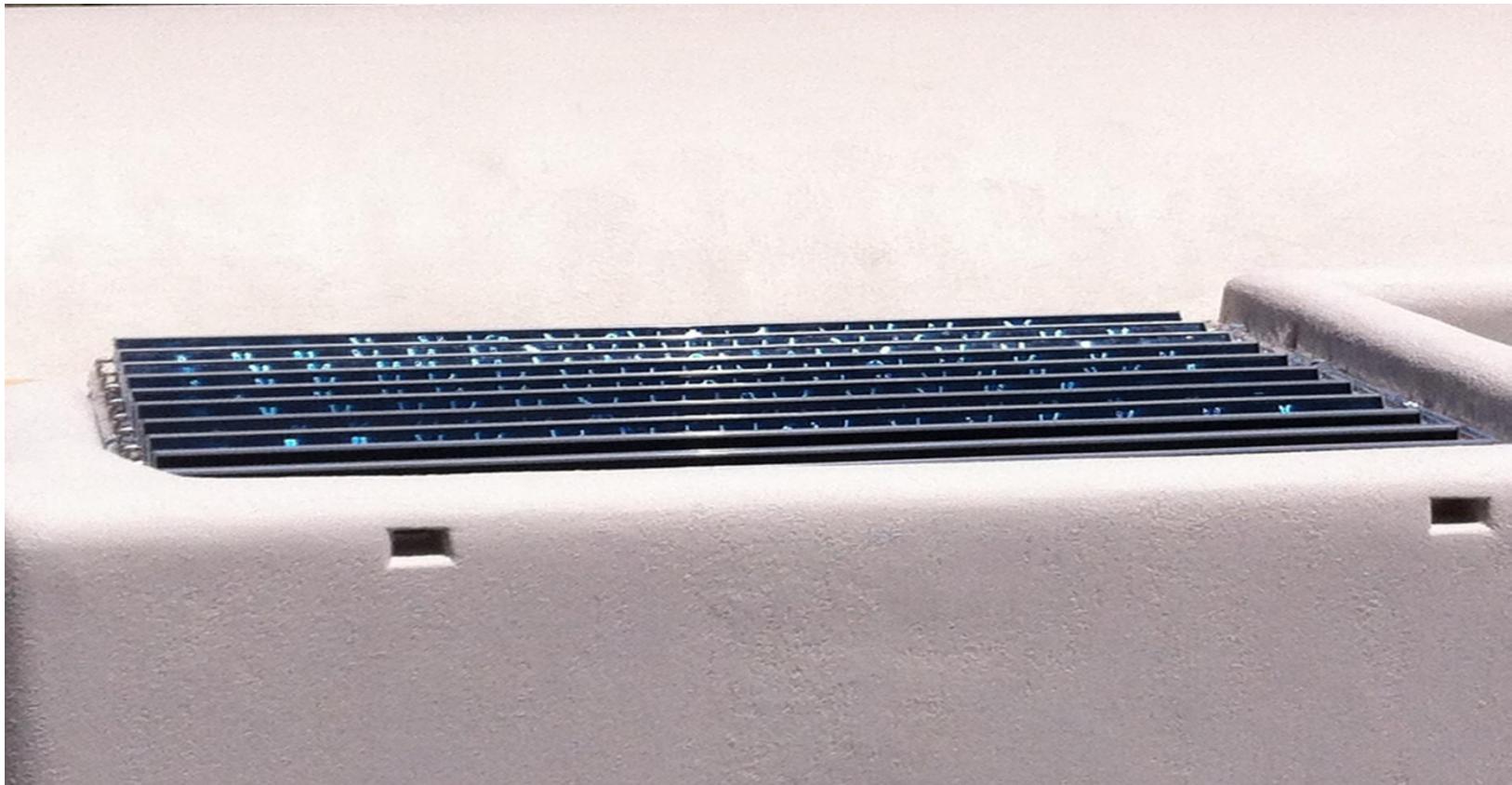
**Solar panels are not visible from street level**



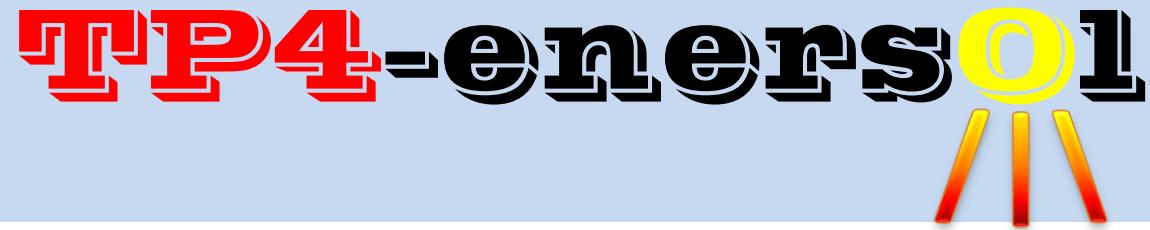
**Due to very low height profile – only 200 mm**



## Easy building incorporation



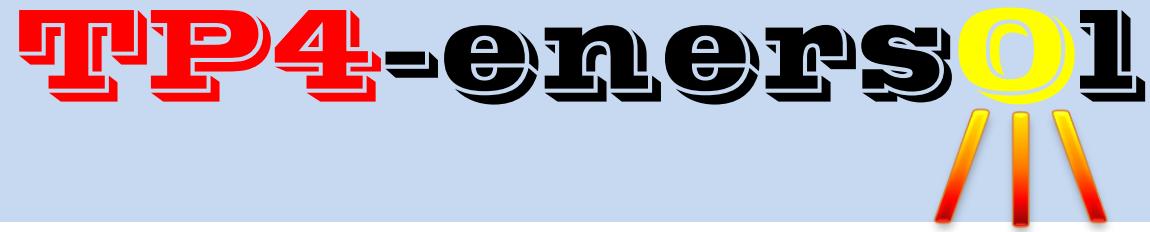
**With panel lengths from 1 to 3 meter**



**Easy access for maintenance work**



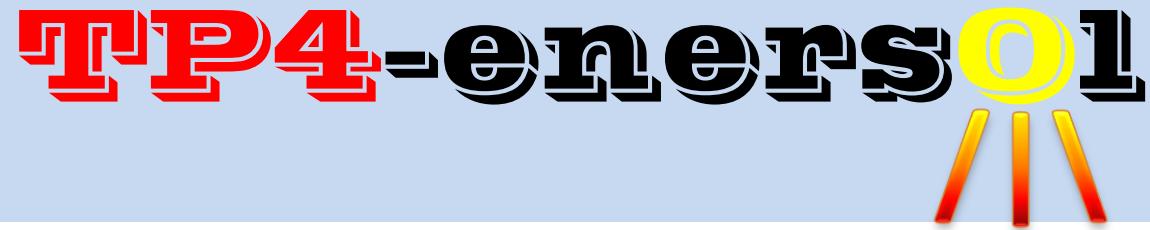
**By walking in between the solar panels**



## Nice shadowing pergola applications



For your swim-pool, garden, veranda, terrace, etc



## 4-store family house in Voula Athens



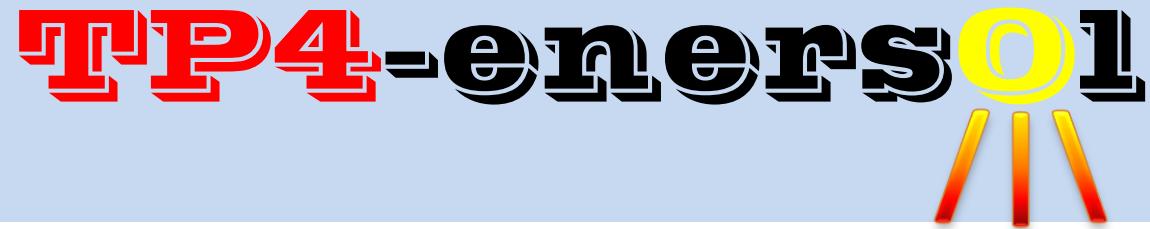
85 panels for heating, hot water and pool



## 4-store family house in Marousi Athens



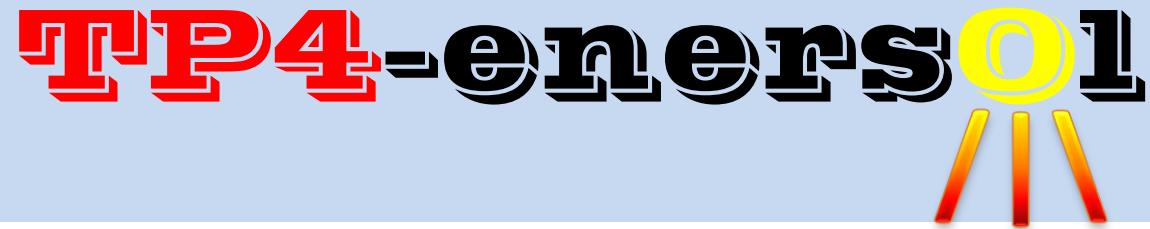
40 panels for heating, hot water and pool



## Resort eco-house A in Santorini island



12 panels for heating, hot water and Jacuzzi



## Resort eco-house B in Santorini island



16 panels for heating, hot water and Jacuzzi



## Resort eco-house C in Santorini island



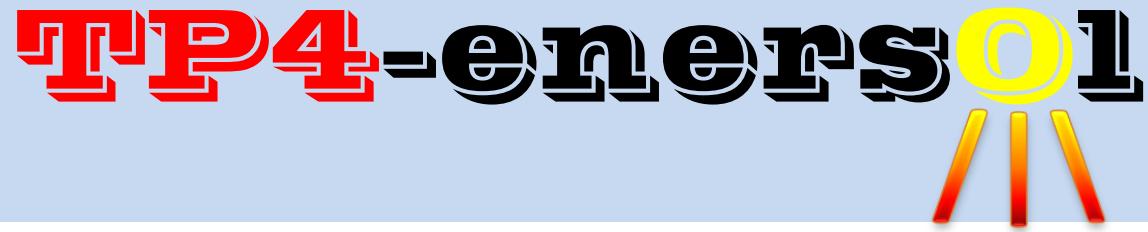
16 panels for heating, hot water and Jacuzzi



## Resort eco-house D in Santorini island



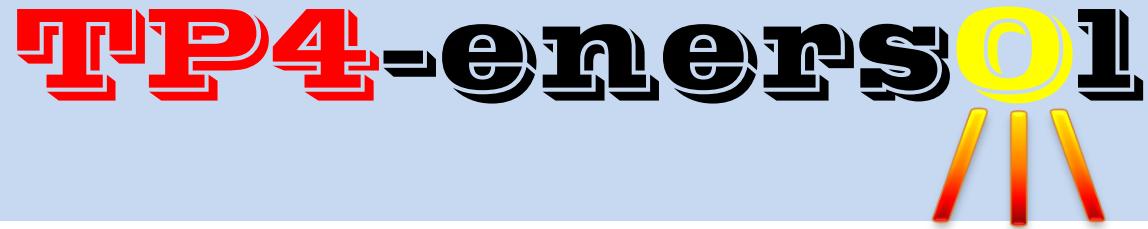
36 panels for radiator heating & hot water



## Eco-house X in Antiparos island



**40 panels for floor heating & hot water**

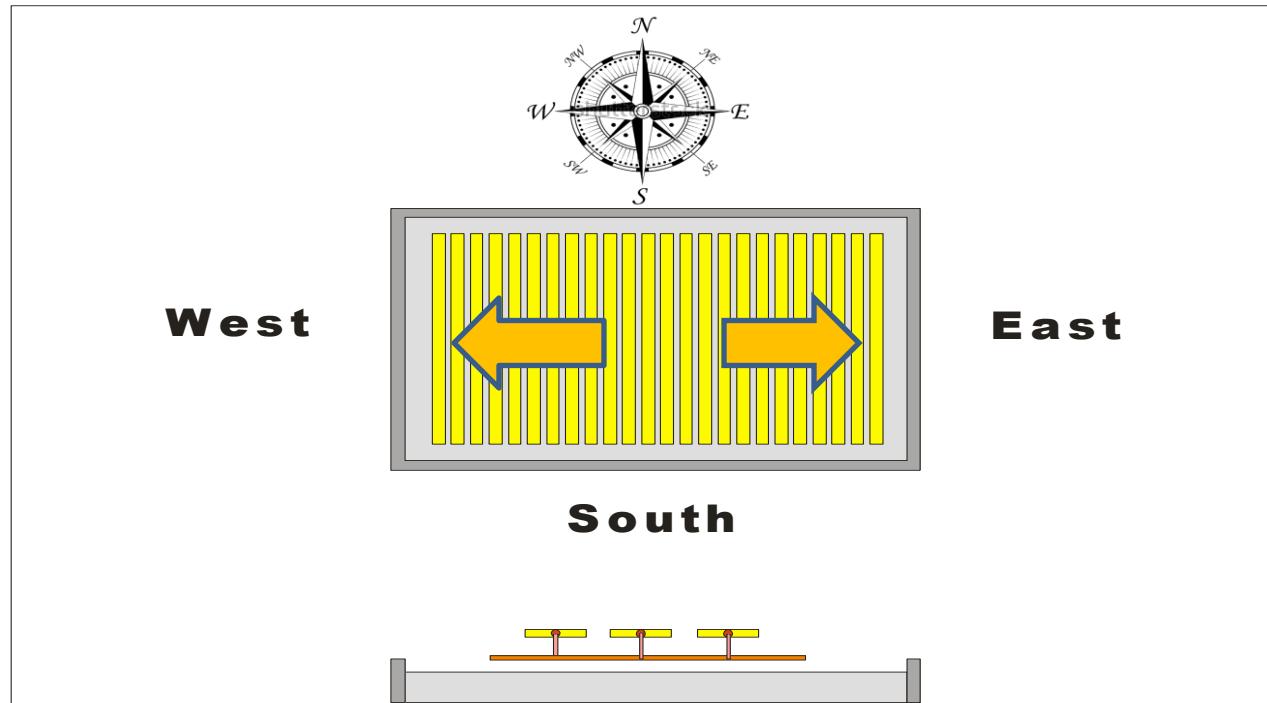


## Eco-house Y in Antiparos island



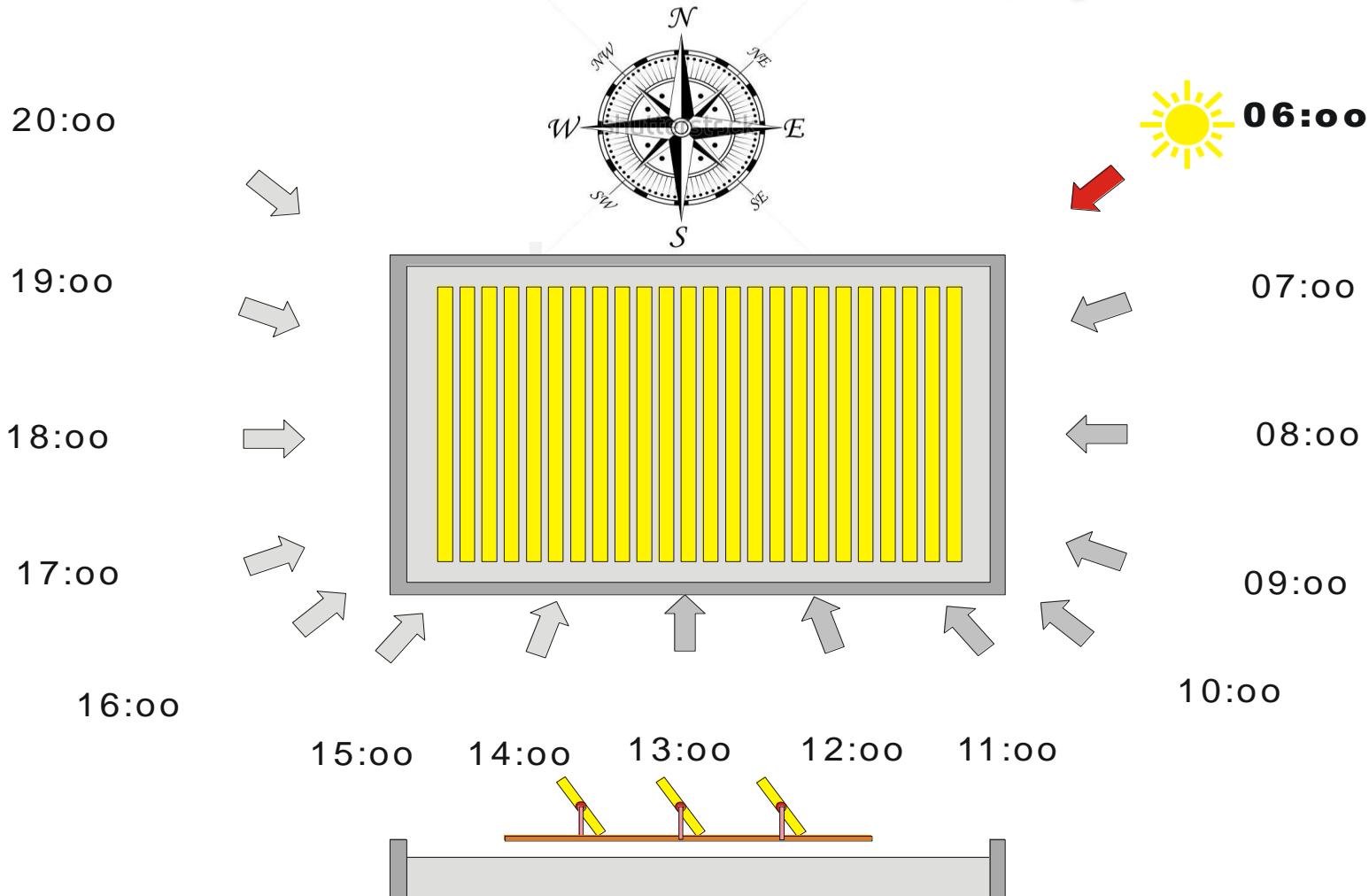
40 panels for floor heating & hot water

# TP4-enersol



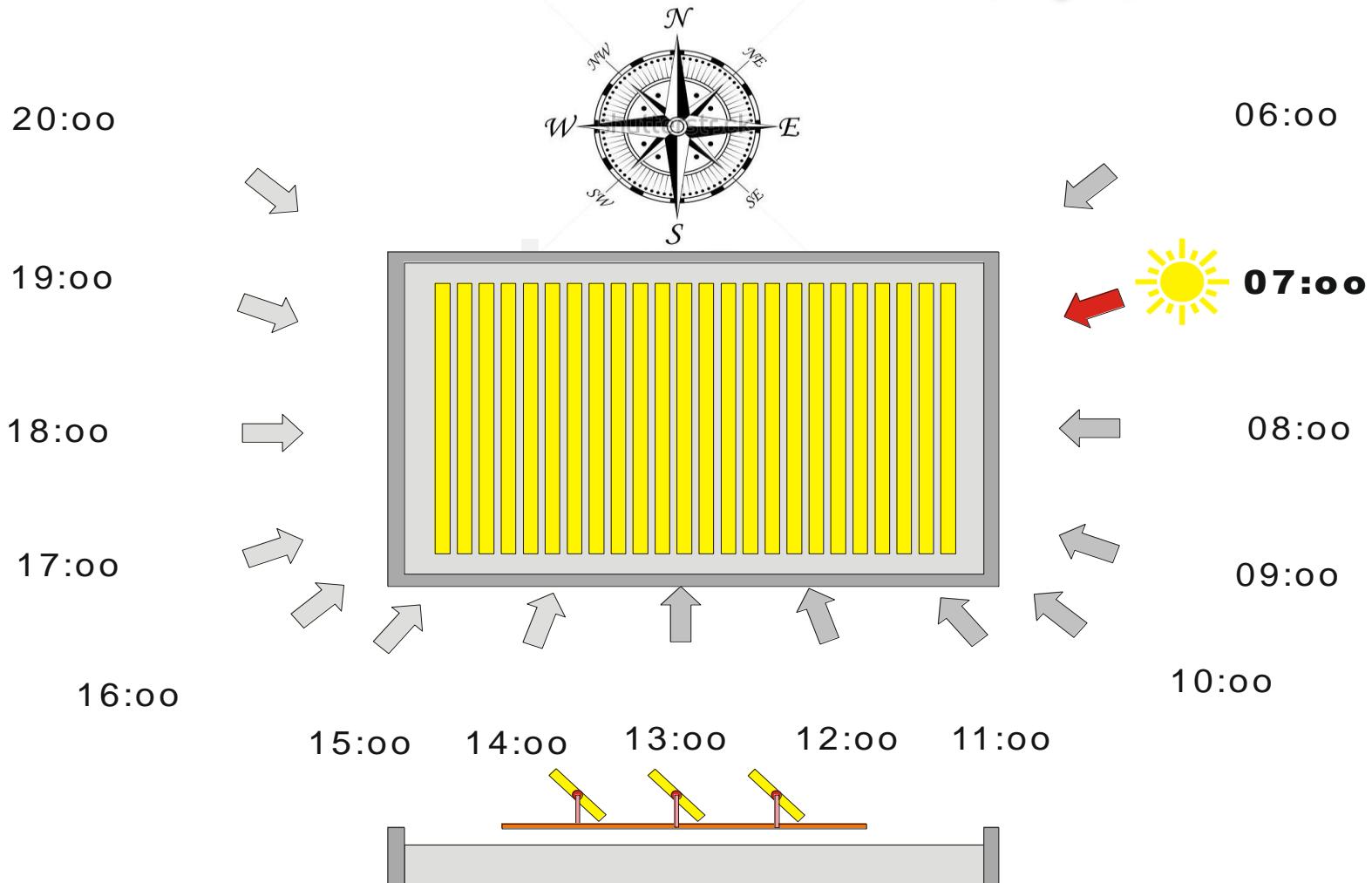
The TP4-panels can move from East to West

# TP4-enersO1



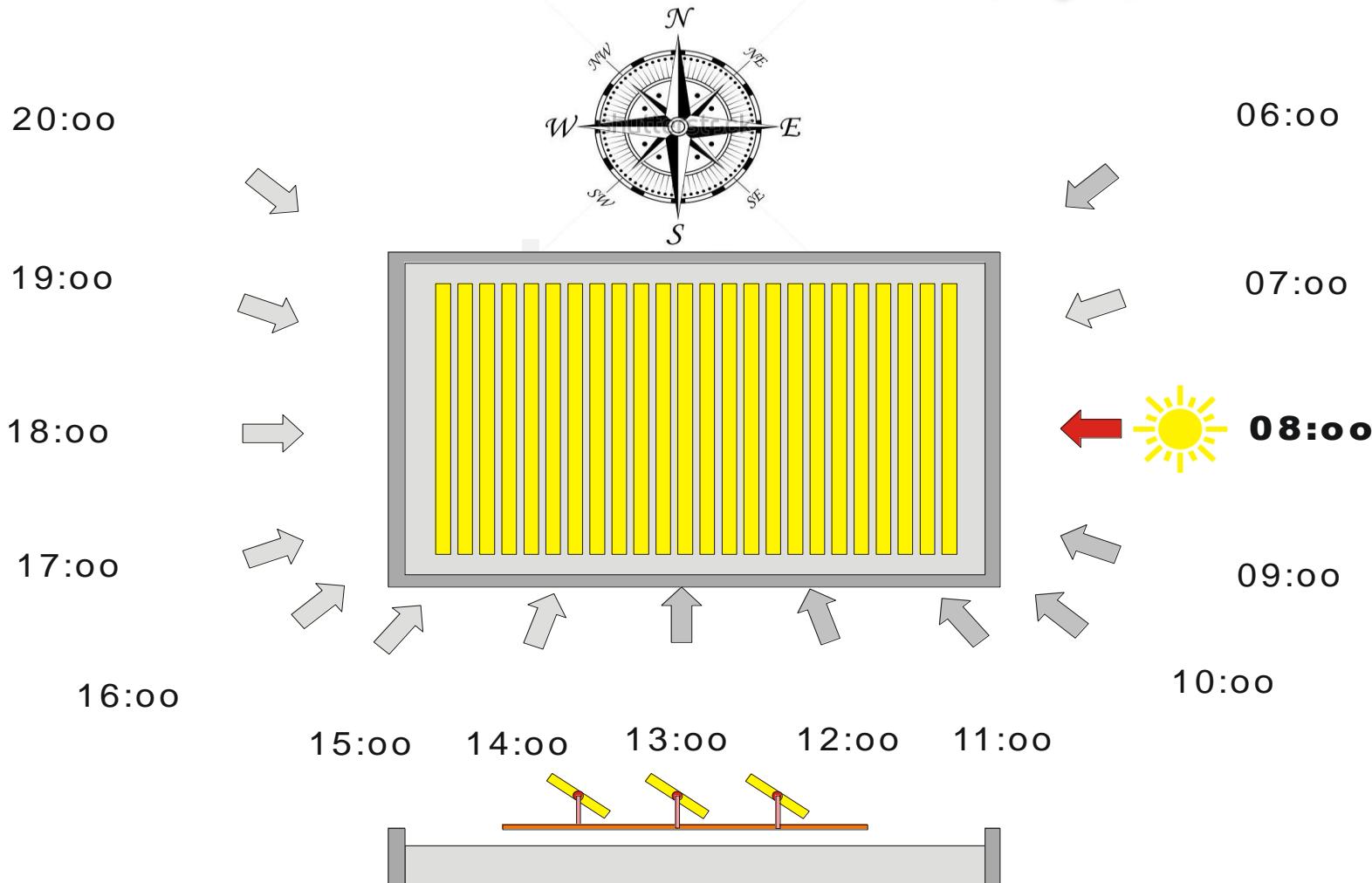
The sun rises in the North-East

# TP4-enersO1



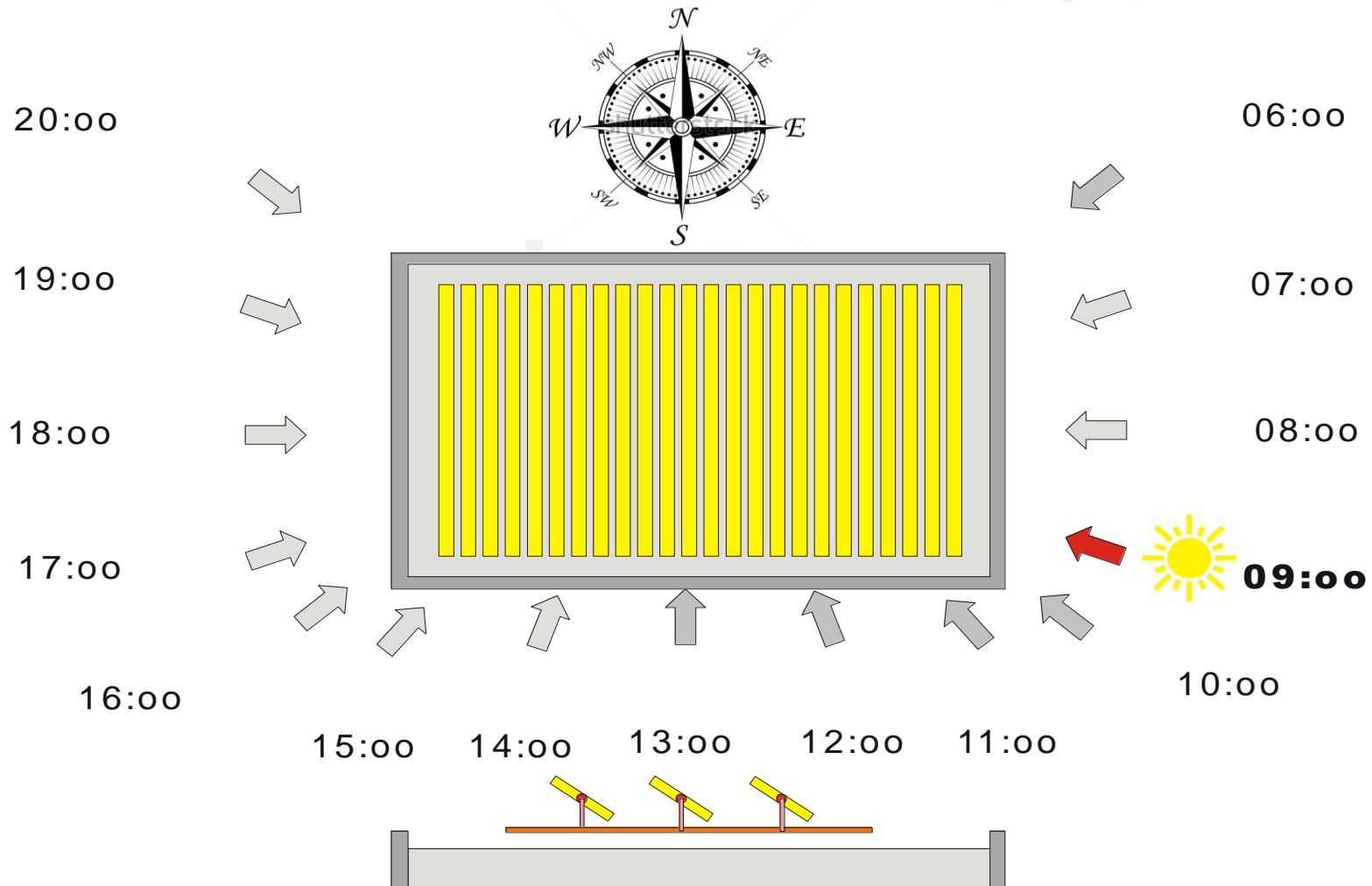
**The solar sensors measures the radiation**

# TP4-enersolar



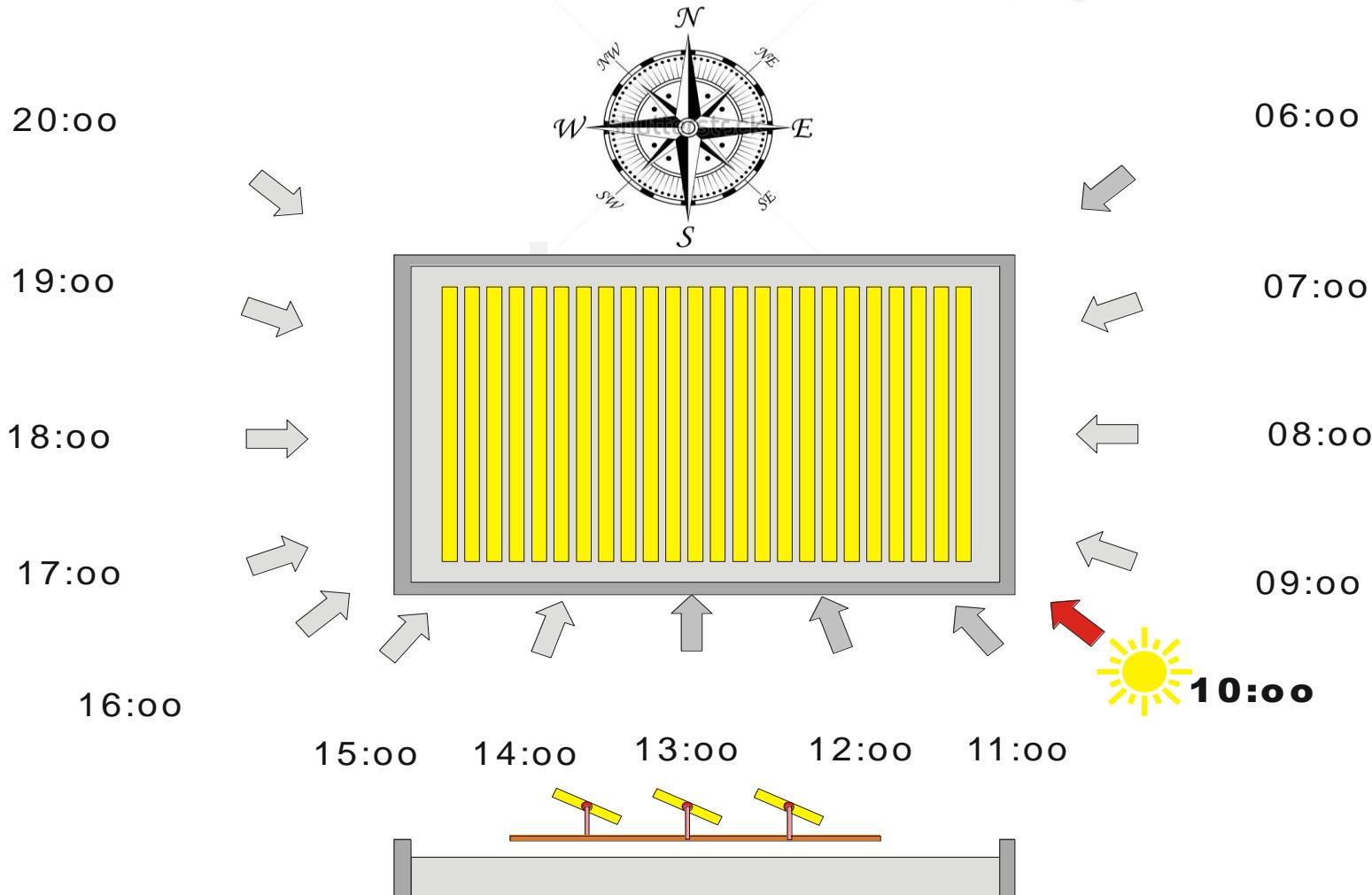
Solar tracker calculates the angle

# TP4-enersol



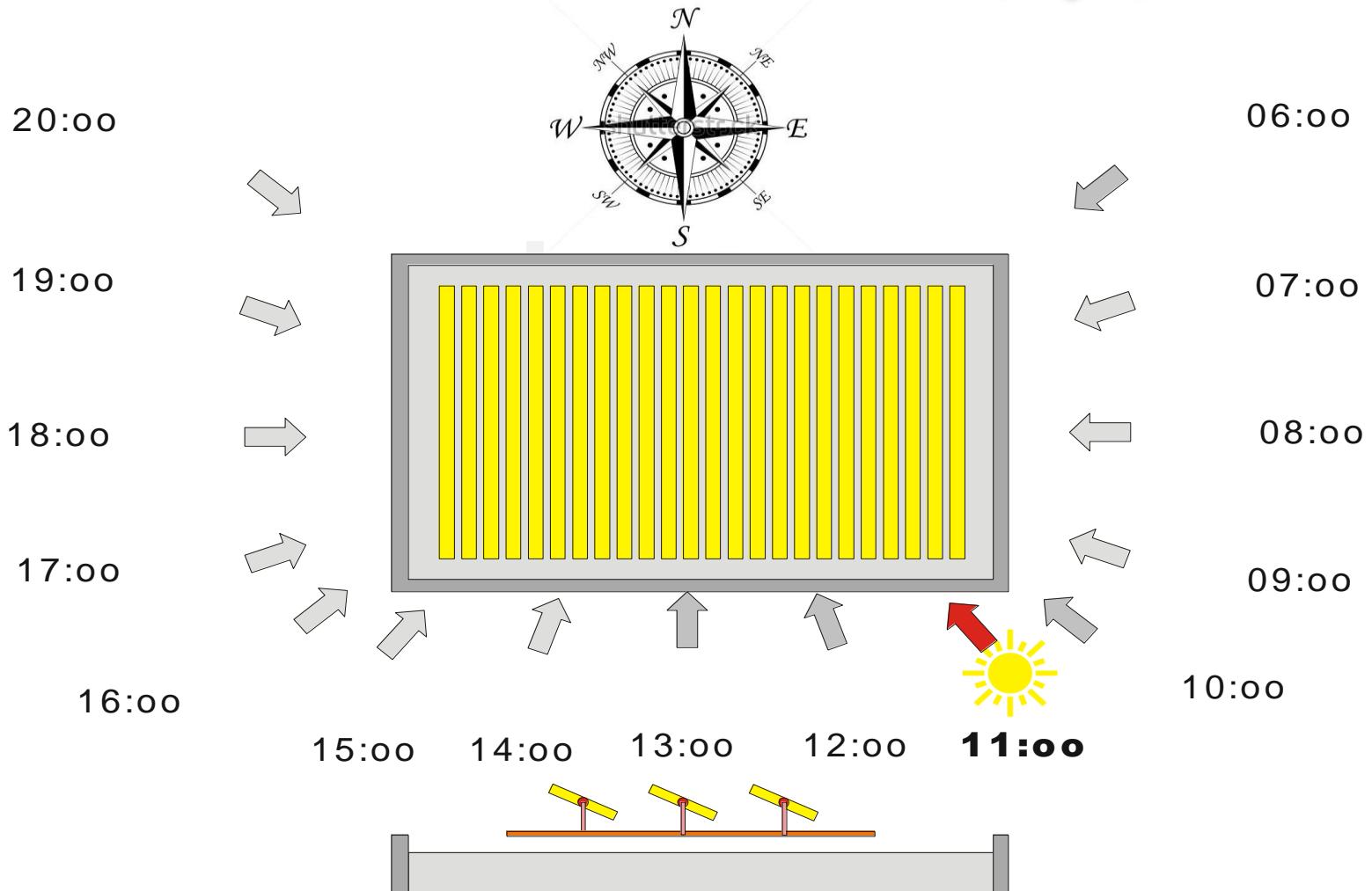
And the motor turns the panels

# TP4-enersol



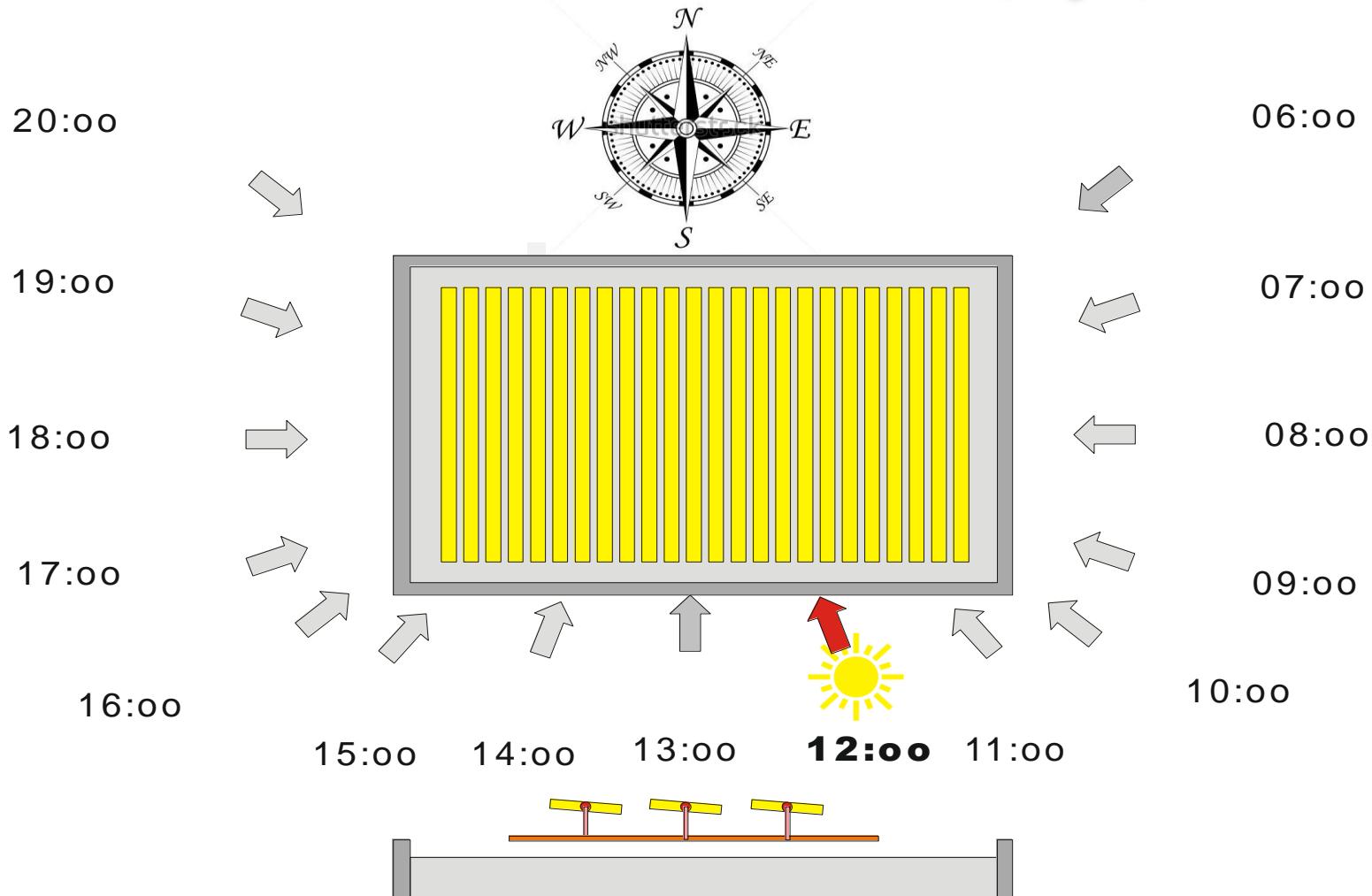
Ordinary panels start functioning NOW !

# TP4-enersol



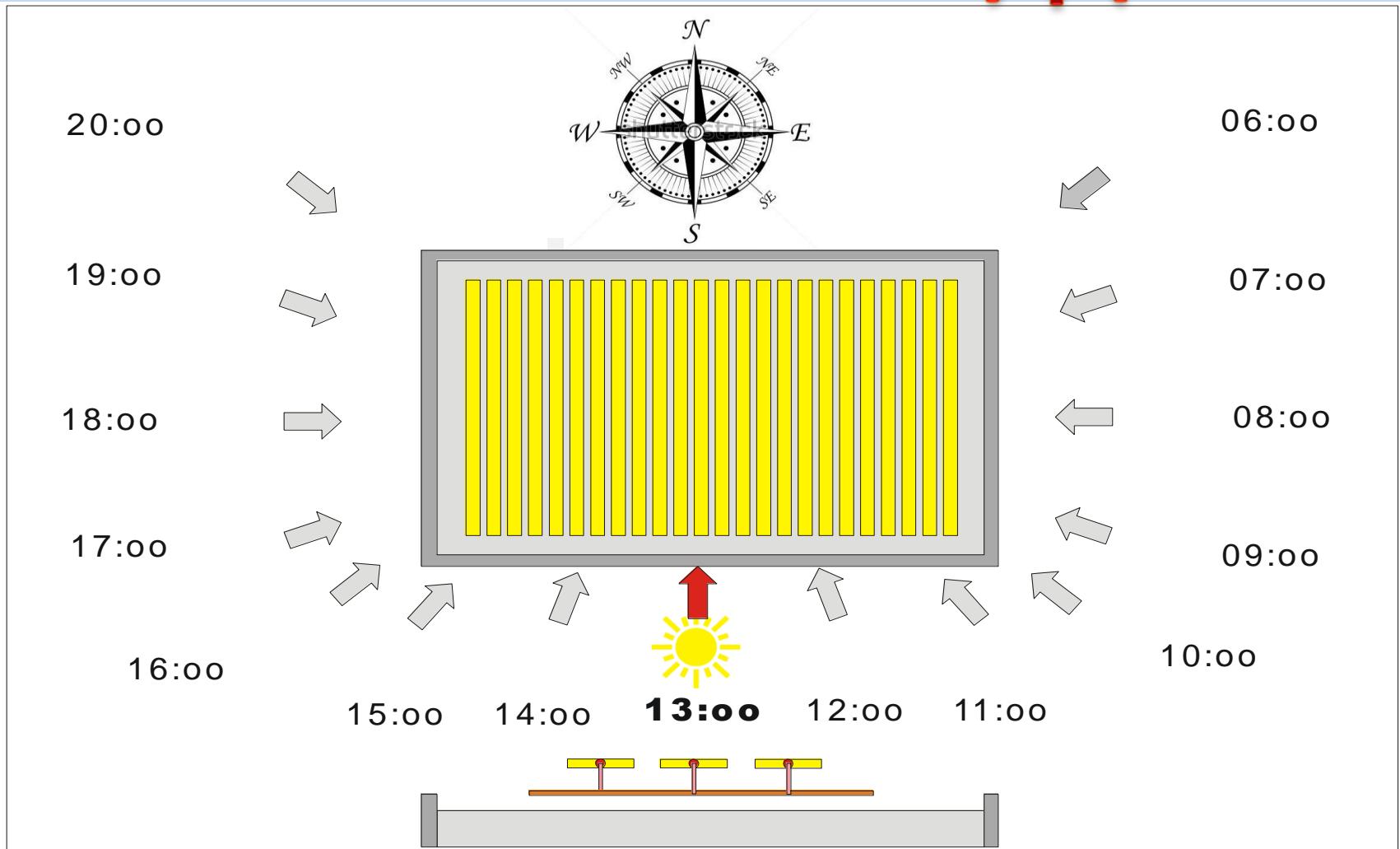
Panels are always directed towards the sun

# TP4-enersol



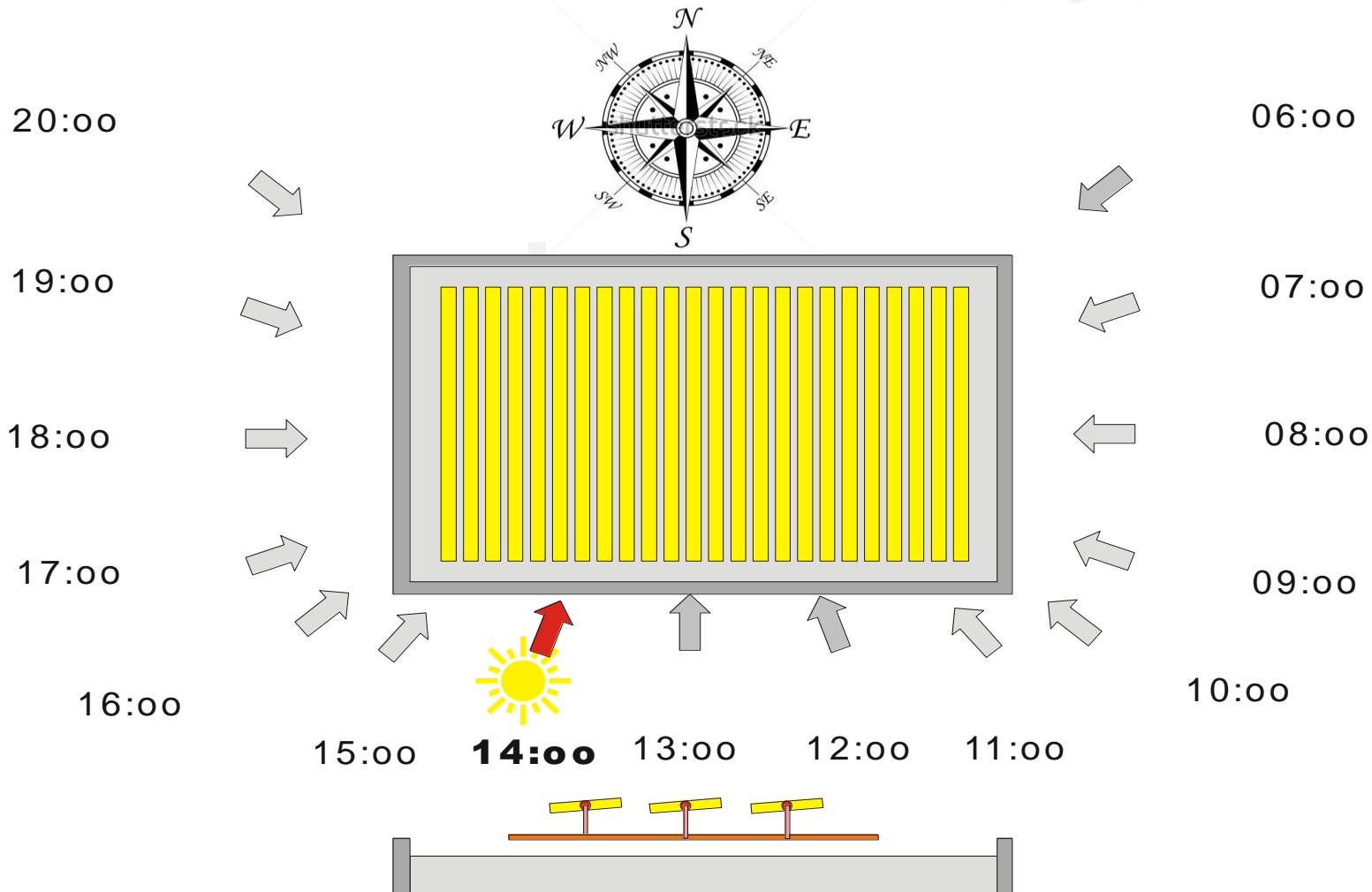
**Getting the maximum energy output**

# TP4-enersol



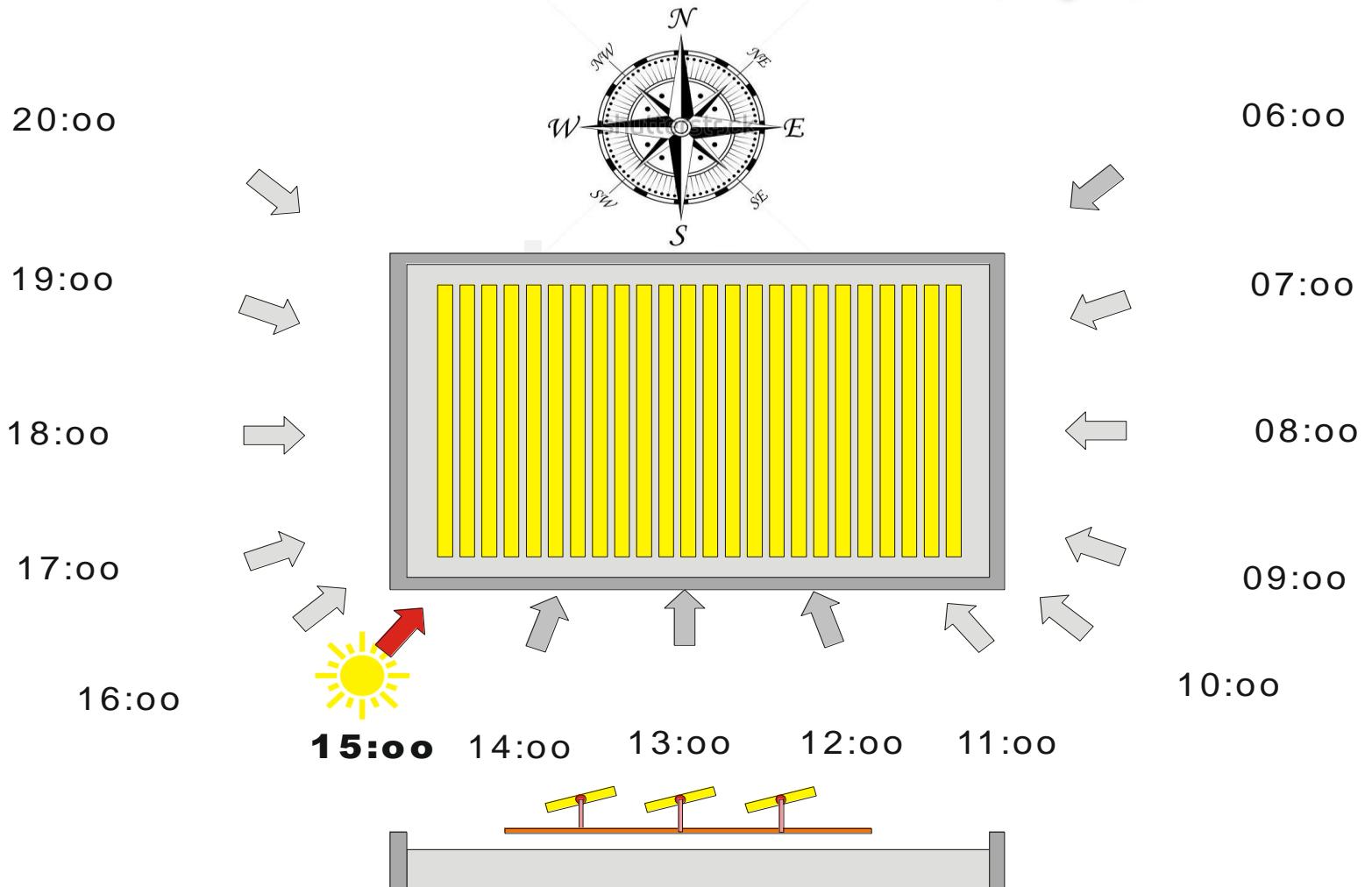
**At mid-day panels are horizontal**

# TP4-enersol



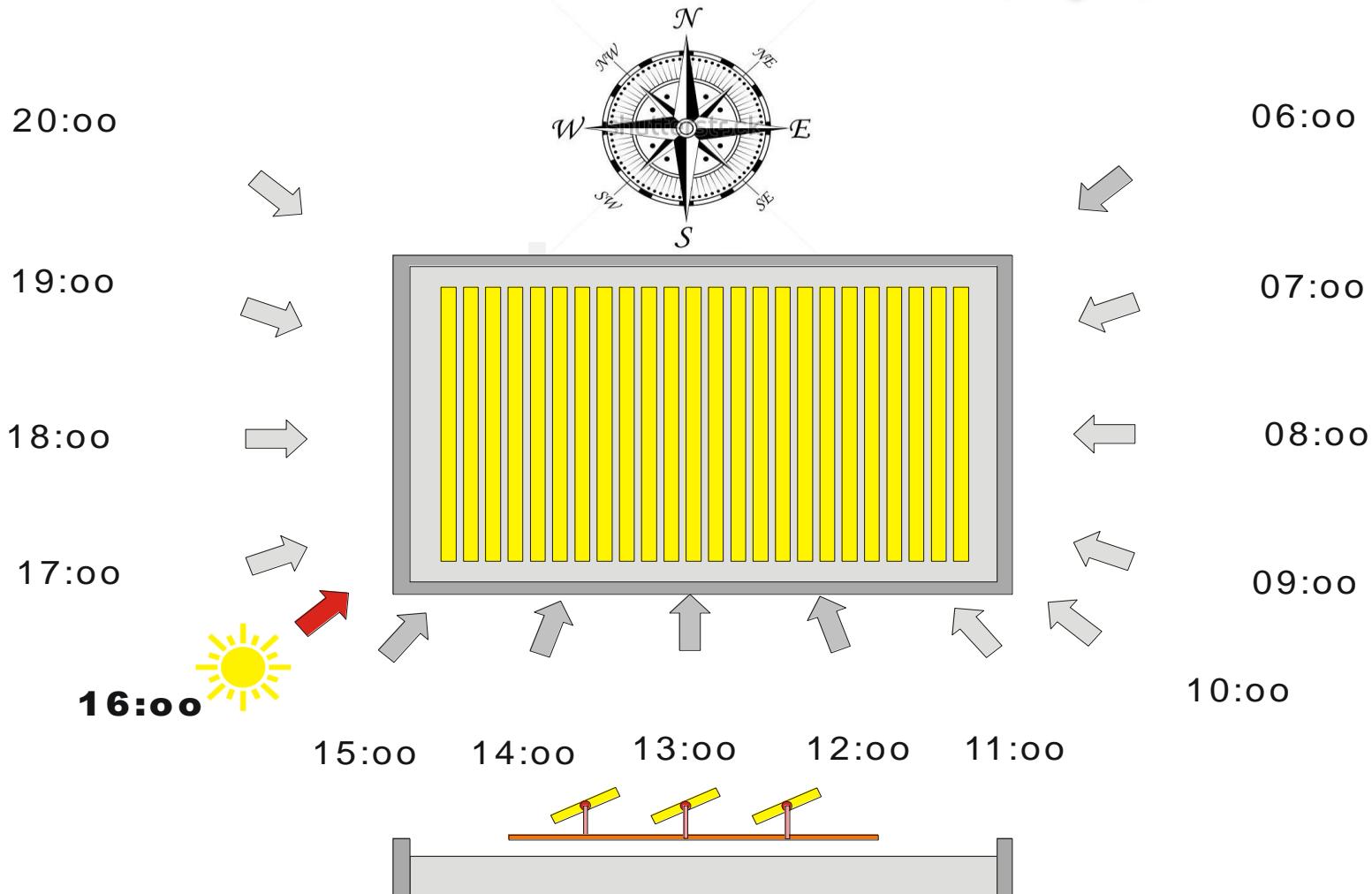
Reverse function in the afternoon

# TP4-enersol



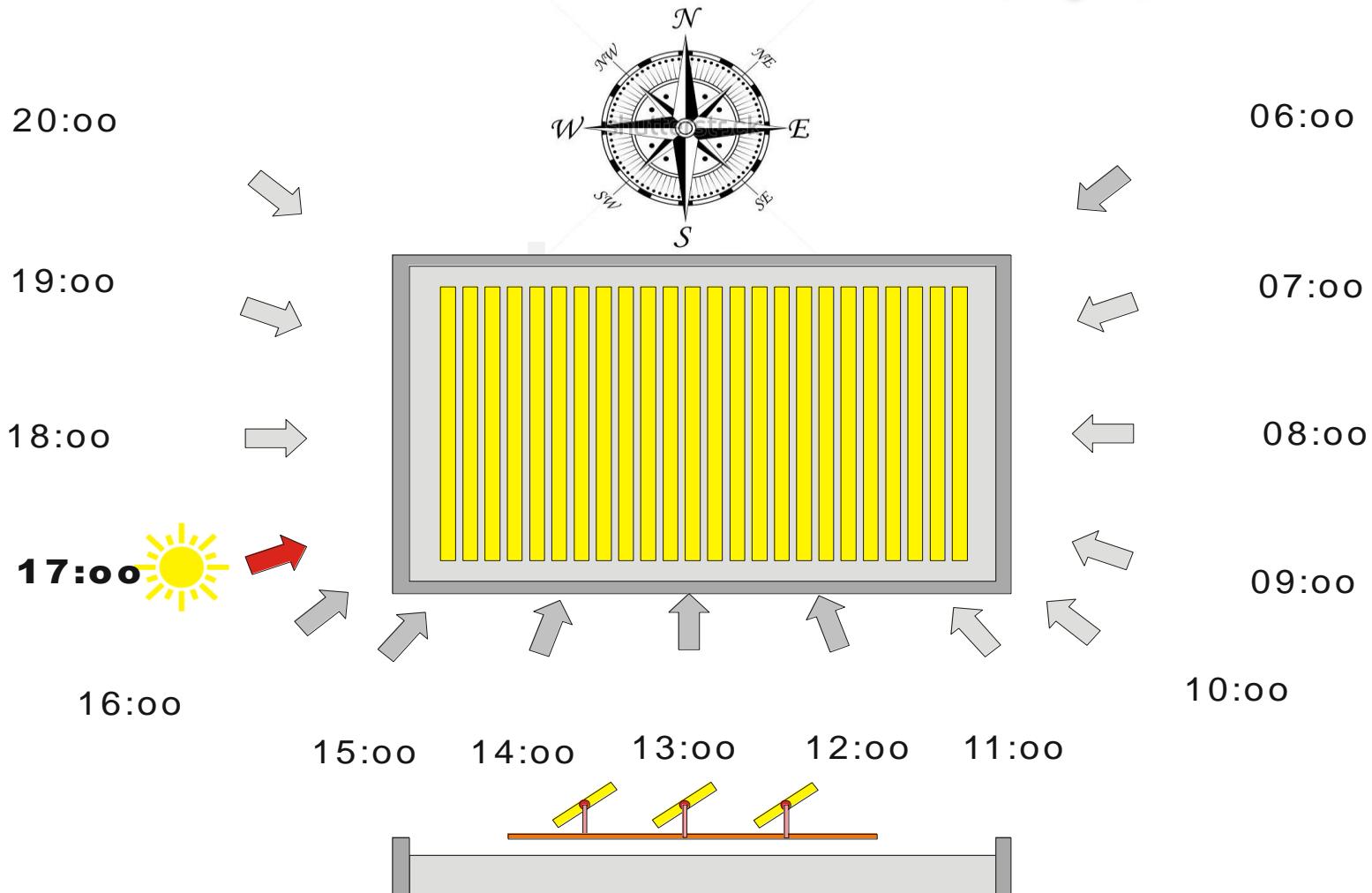
Moves panels towards the West

# TP4-enersol



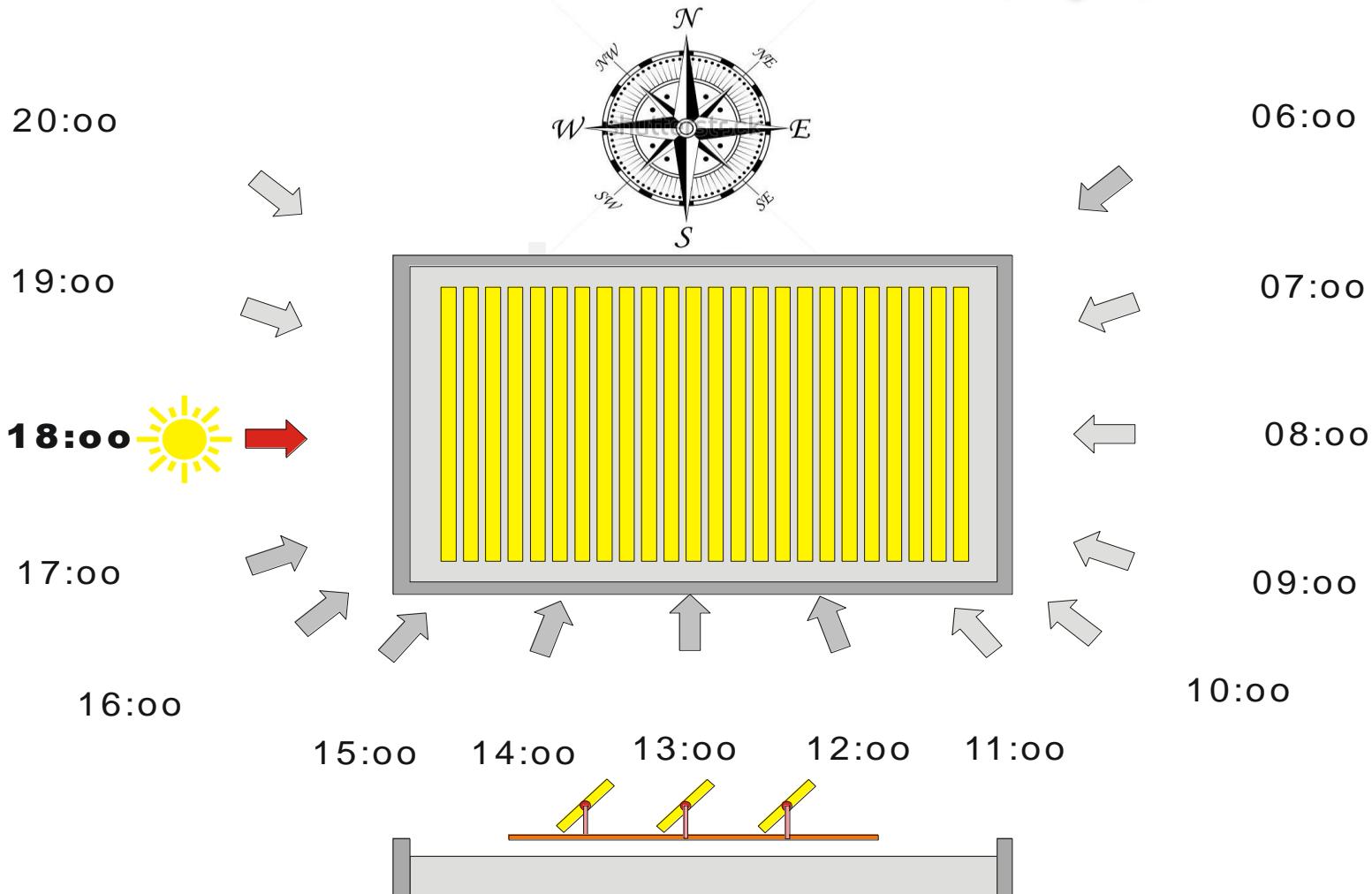
Ordinary panels stops working NOW !

# TP4-enersol



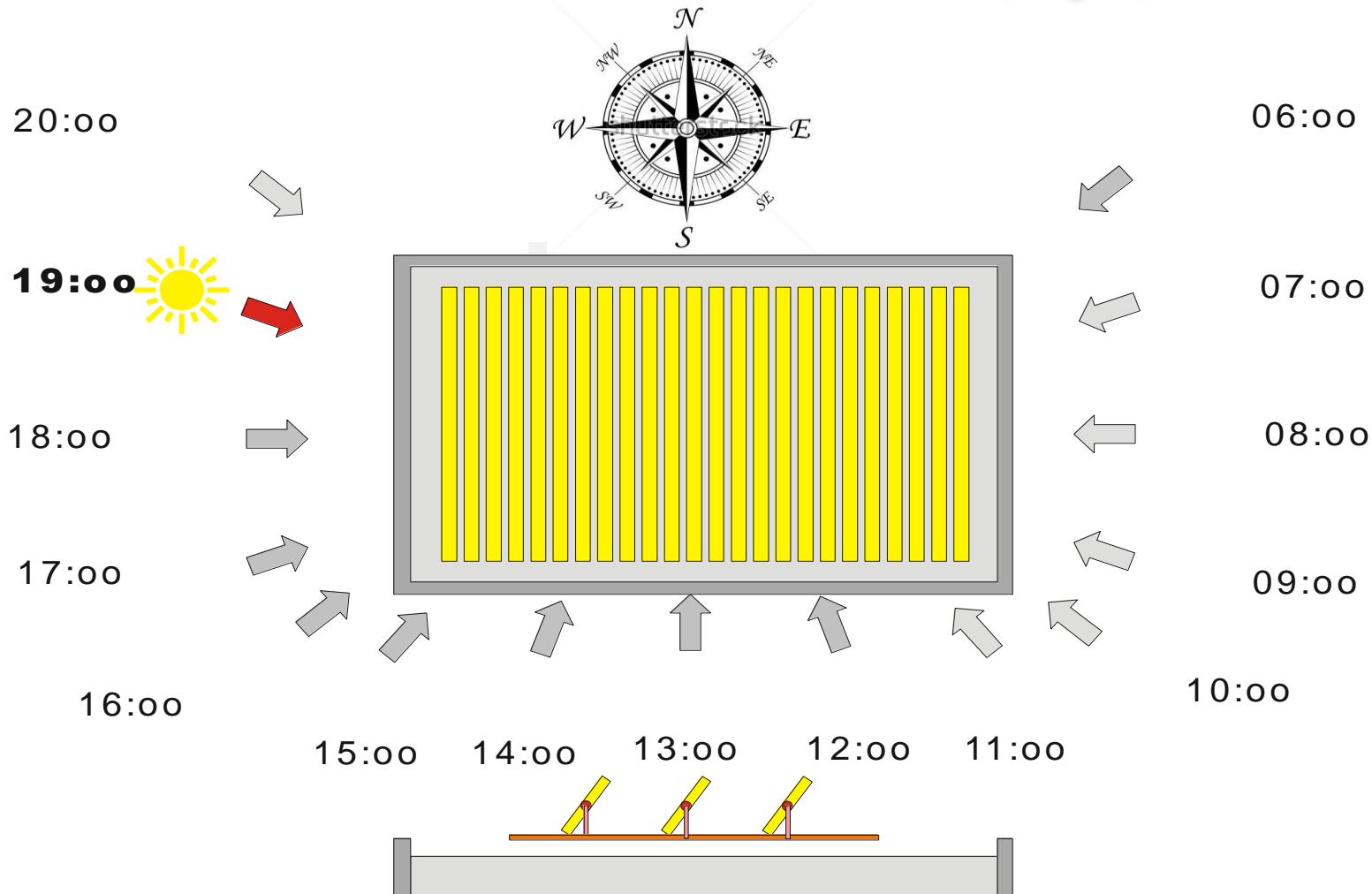
TP4-panels continue to work !

# TP4-enersol



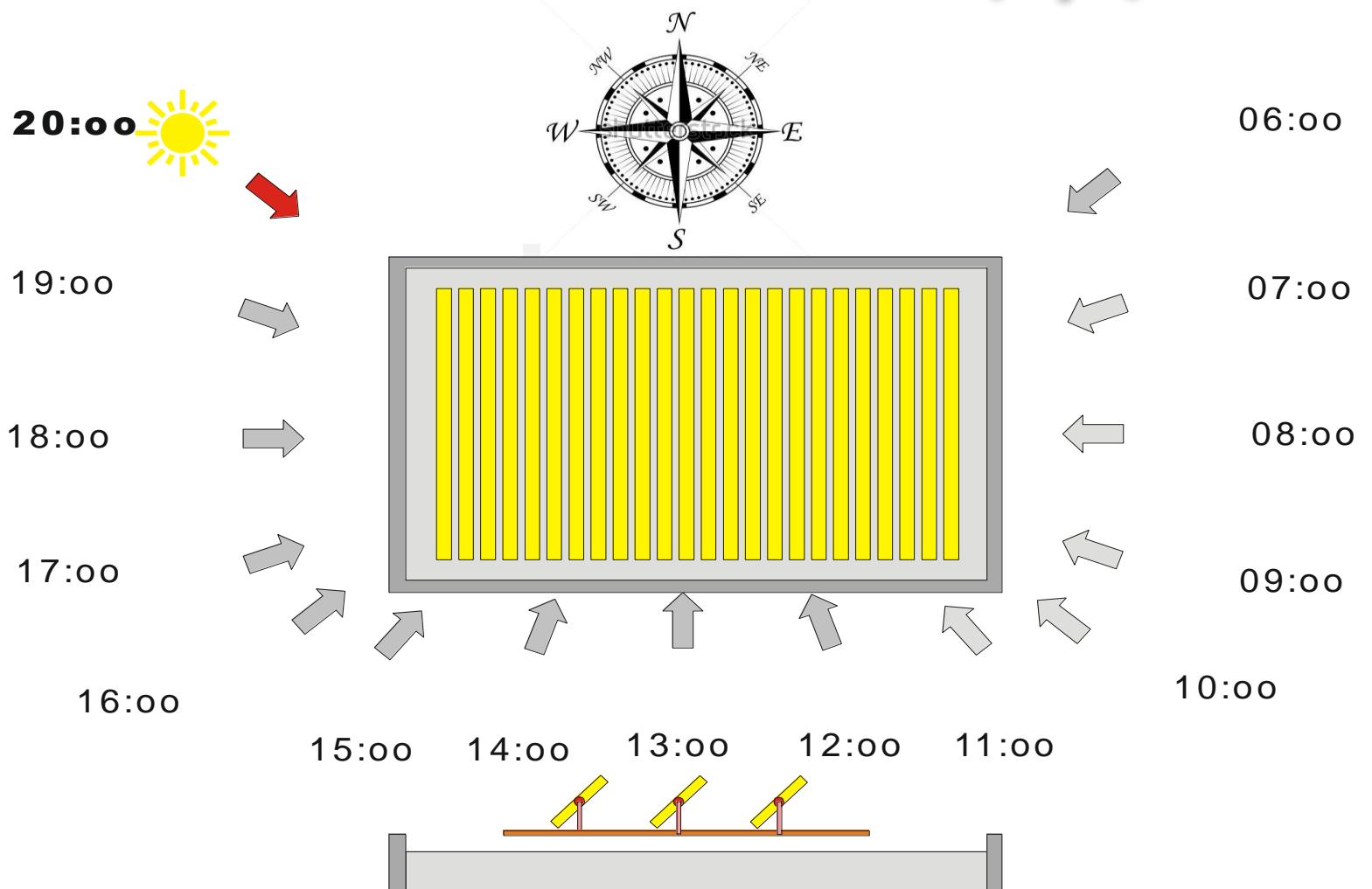
Total hours depends on season !

# TP4-enersøl



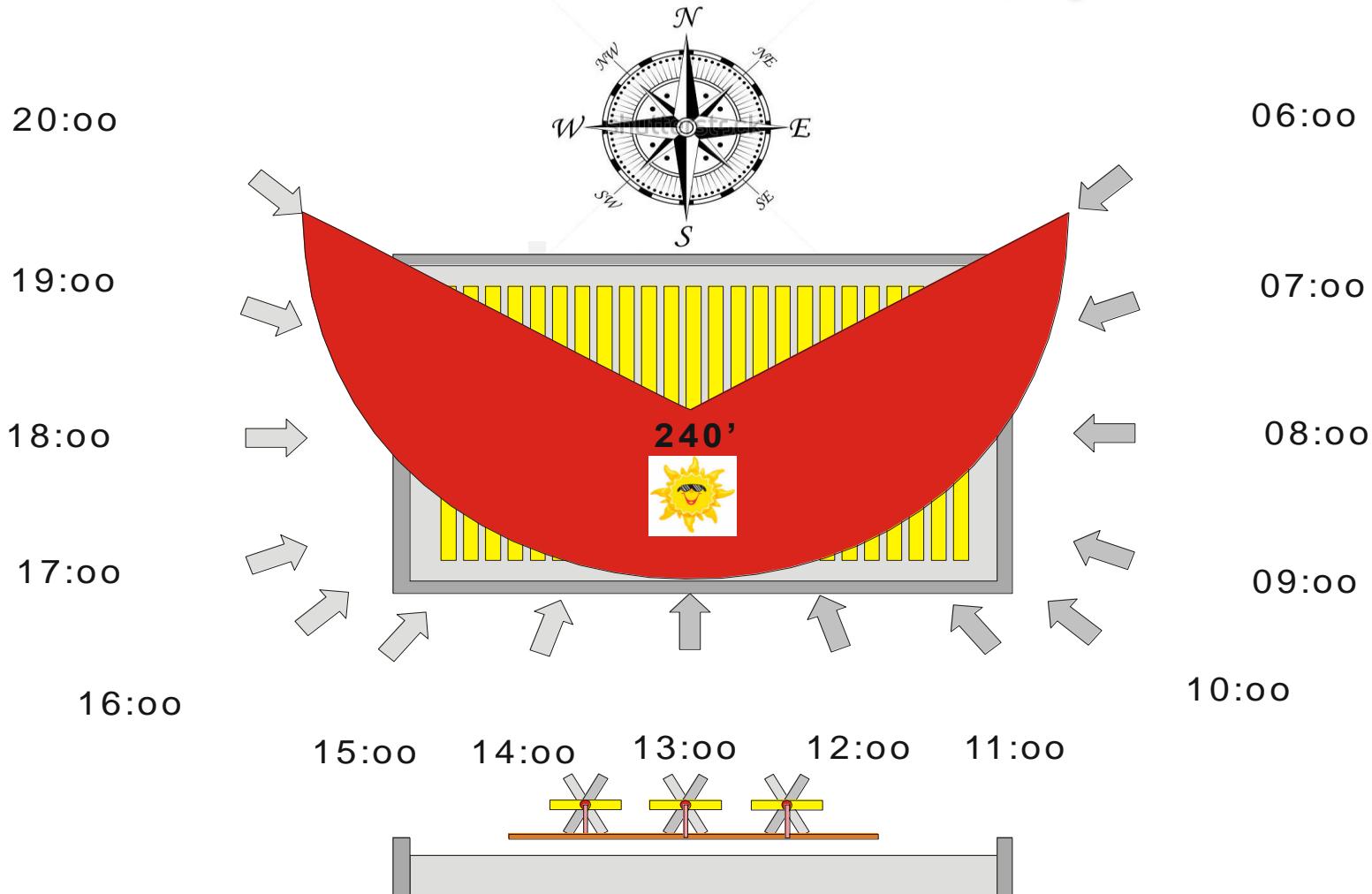
Total hours also depend on Latitude

# TP4-enersol



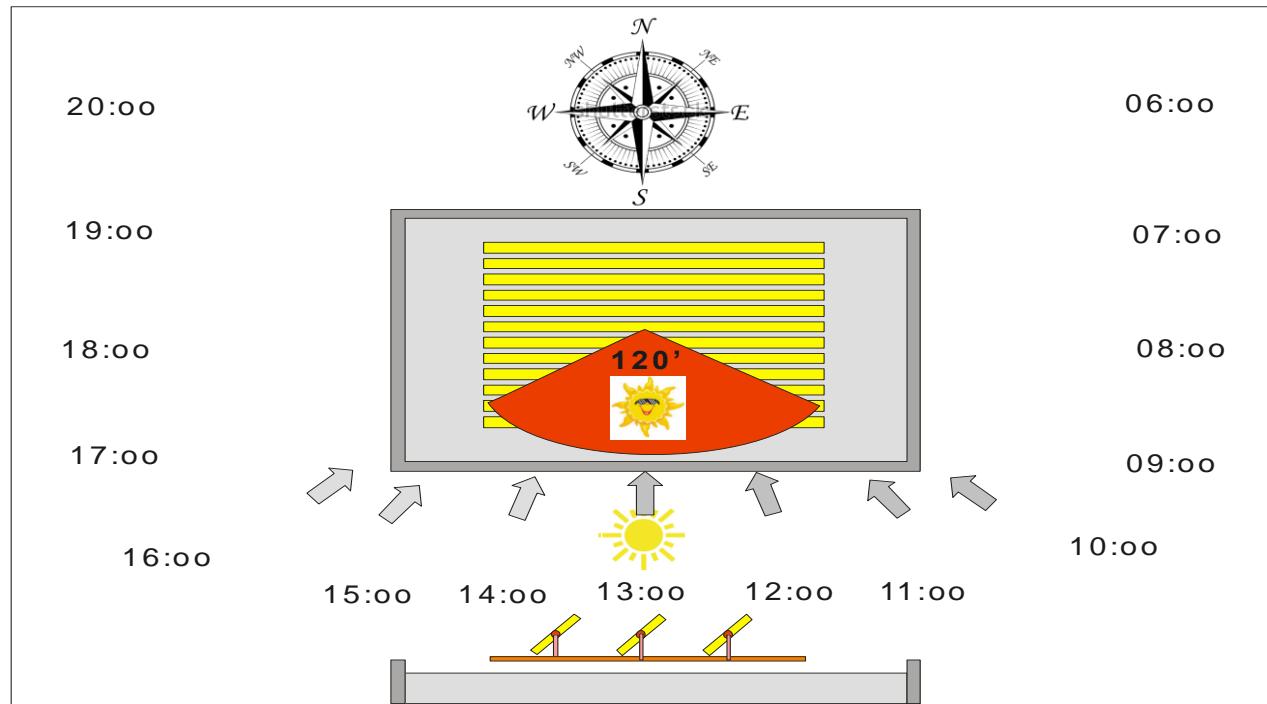
**Gain up to 200 % daily solar energy**

# TP4-enersol



**TP4-panels work 240' and up to 16 hours**

# TP4-enersol



Ordinary panels work 120' and only 6 hours



## Benefits from East to West positioning

- A) Solar collection starts at 6 am in the morning
- B) Solar collection stops at 8 pm in the evening
- C) Which means a total of 14 hours sun per day  
Instead of 7 hours from a South orientation
- D) Panels 90' towards the sun by Solar Tracker.



## Benefits from East to West solar tracker

**>30% higher energy output**

**Due to increased solar input hours**

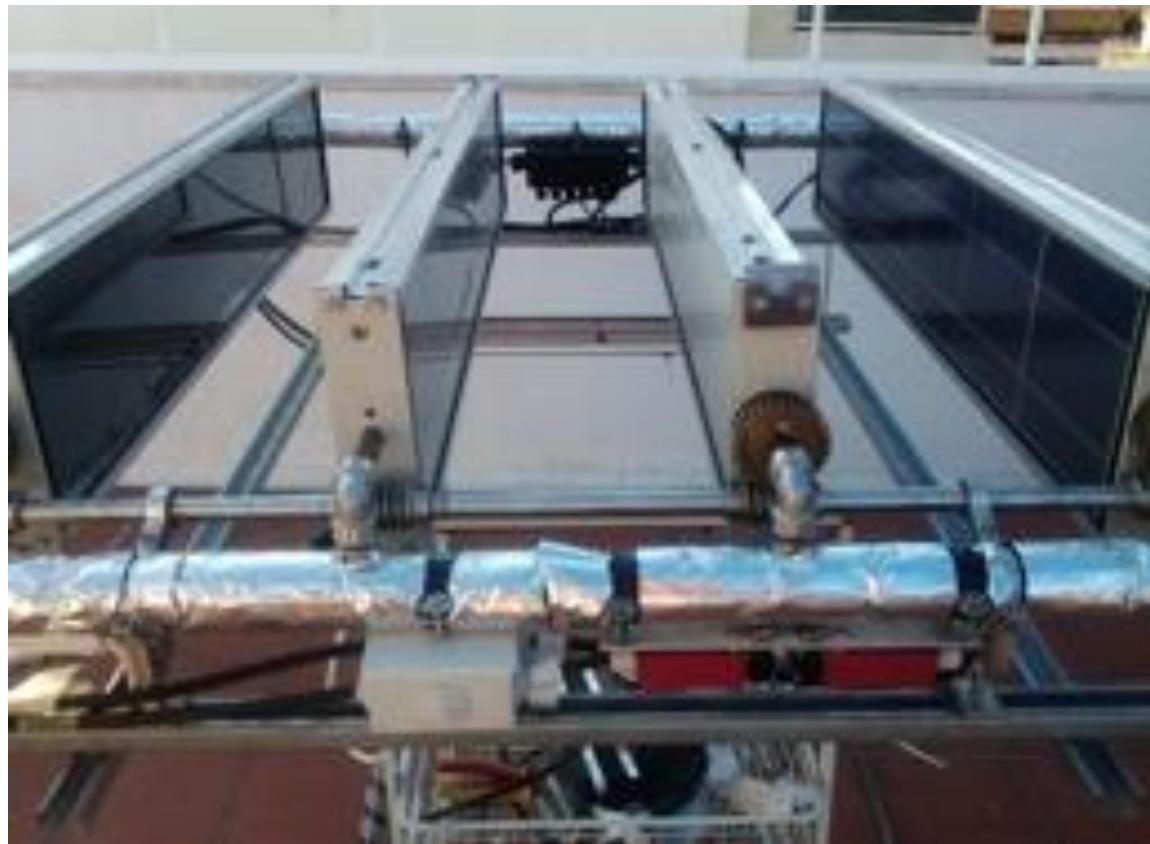


**>20% higher energy output**

**Due to 90' angle solar tracking**

**>50% higher energy output if combined  
with PV-modules on the back-side**

# TP4-enersol



**Vertical Safe Position - during night time**

# TP4-enersOL



**Morning thermodynamic position**

# TP4-enersol



**Pre-noon thermodynamic position**

# TP4-enersol



**Noon thermodynamic position**

# TP4-enersol



**After-noon thermodynamic position**

# TP4-enersolar



**Evening thermodynamic position**

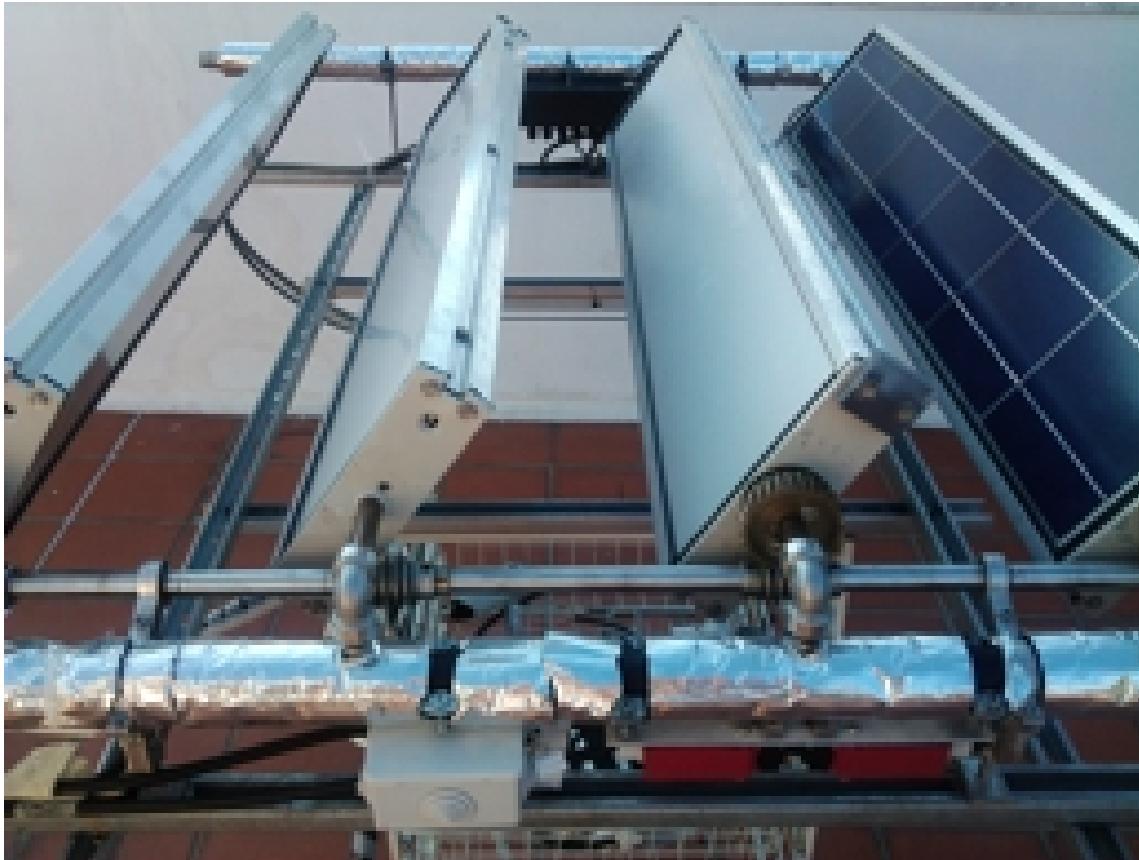
# TP4-enersolar



**Rain, Hail & Snow safe position**



# TP4-enersol



**Morning photovoltaic position**

# TP4-enersol



**Noon photovoltaic position**

# TP4-enersol



**Evening photovoltaic position**

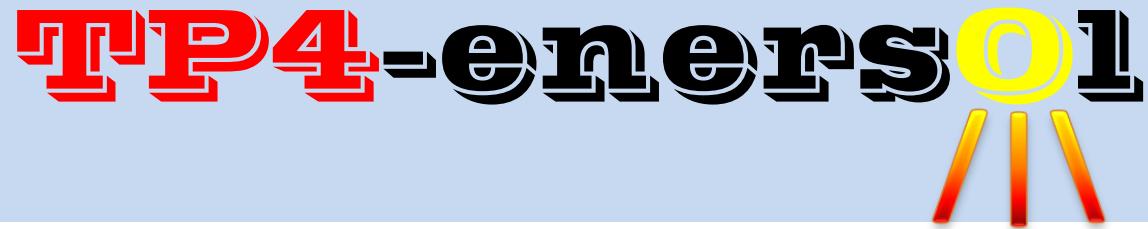
# TP4-enersol

## 4 thermo-tests against 1 PV-test output

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	
1	object	terace Areos 22/Αλκυονης	P.Faliron	Date	posit.	Direct.	Enersol	TP4-II-TD	3.0 meter stripe	=0,47 m2	1-module=nom.	3,1V and 8,1A												
2	date	06/9 water in 25°C	07/9 water in 40°C	15/9 water in 25°C	17/9 water in 25°C				MEDIUM PV-output															
3	time	No1 Dt I/h W-TD	No2 Dt I/h W-TD	No3 Dt I/h W-TD	No4 Dt I/h W-TD				3 modules 18 cells															
4	8:30	TD-II-0' S No track	TD-II-0' S No track	TD-II-25' W+tracker	TD-II-25' W+tracker				mixed conditions															
5	9:00	0,9	100	104	0,5	60	35	0,7	110	30	0,8	110	102	9,9	3	29,8							67,8	
6	9:30	1,1	110	140	0,9	60	63	1,1	105	134	1,3	100	151	12,0	3	36,1							121,9	
7	10:00	1,3	110	166	1	60	70	1,5	105	183	1,7	100	197	15,3	3	46,0							153,8	
8	10:30	1,6	110	204	1,9	55	121	2,4	90	251	2,1	100	244	17,9	3	53,8							204,9	
9	11:00	2	105	244	2,4	55	153	2,4	90	251	2,7	100	313	20,4	3	61,3	4 measurements of the (TD)							240,1
10	11:30	2,1	105	256	2,8	55	179	3	95	331	3,0	100	348	21,9	3	65,8	thermodynamic function at various							278,3
11	12:00	2,4	105	292	3	55	191	3,7	90	386	2,1	100	244	22,8	3	68,5	water inlet temperatures 25/40°C							278,4
12	12:30	2,7	105	329	3,8	55	242	3,5	90	365	3,2	100	371	23,4	3	70,2	at dir. 0' South and 25' West with							327,0
13	13:00	2,7	100	313	3,9	55	249	3,1	90	324	2,9	100	336	23,2	3	69,5	and without tracking The graph							305,5
14	13:30	2,8	100	325	3,9	55	249	2,4	100	278	2,4	100	278	23,7	3	71,2	shows TD efficiency in relation to							282,6
15	14:00	2,9	100	336	3,5	55	223	2,6	100	302	1,7	90	177	23,7	3	71,2	medium PV-output of max. 75 W							259,7
16	14:30	3	100	348	3,6	55	230				3,1	90	324	24,2	3	72,6	per 3 modules							300,4
17	15:00	2,7	100	313	3,5	55	223				3,1	90	324	23,8	3	71,3							286,7	
18	15:30	2,4	100	278	3	52	181				3	90	313	23,1	3	69,4							257,5	
19	16:00	2,1	95	231	3,3	52	199	4,3	70	349	1,7	90	177	22,0	3	65,9							239,3	
20	16:30	2	95	220	2,1	50	122	3,9	70	317	1,6	95	176	20,4	3	61,2							208,8	
21	17:00	1,6	90	167				2,7	70	219	1,4	95	154	18,1	3	54,2							180,2	
22	17:30	1,4	90	146				1,1	70	89	0,9	85	89	15,3	3	45,9							108,1	
23	18:00	1	95	110							1,2	85	118	12,3	3	36,9							114,3	
24	18:30	0,6	95	66										7,4	3	22,2							7,4	
25	mediur	2,0	100,5	230	2,7	55,3	171	2,6	89,7	253,9	2,1	95,8	233,6	18,1	54,4	0,0	0,0	0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	201,1	
26																								
27																								
28																								
29																								
30																								
31																								
32																								
33																								
34																								
35																								
36																								
37																								
38																								
39																								
40																								
41																								
42																								
43																								
44																								
45																								

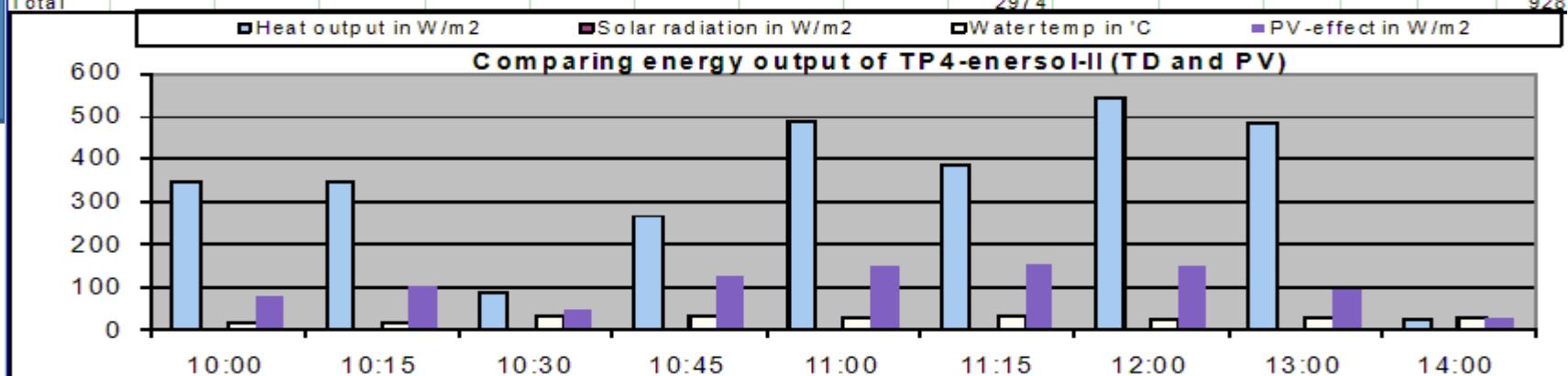
Comparision of TD against PV output

Proofs that TD-mode gives 4 x energy than PV-mode



## Comparing test of TD and PV energy output

ΔΟΚΙΜΗ	26dec-12Αρεος	22Π.Φαλιρά	Ταρατσα	3*1 μέτρο parallel	Area =	0,46 m <sup>2</sup>	Solar insolation %	PV	1 mod	0,153	Effect
Test	Volume	Seconds	L/h	Tin	Tout	Dt	Tout	Time	Watt/m <sup>2</sup>	solution	effect
1	1,7	115	53	18,4	21,2	2,8	18	10:00	347		3,6
2	1,7	115	53	18,4	21,2	2,8	19	10:15	347		4,7
3	1,7	115	53	31,2	31,9	0,7	20	10:30	87		2,1
4	1,7	112	55	31,4	33,5	2,1	20	10:45	267		5,6
5	1,7	105	58	29,0	32,6	3,6	21	11:00	488		6,5
6	1,7	110	56	30,8	33,8	3	22	11:15	388		6,6
7	1,7	115	53	25,0	29,4	4,4	21	12:00	545		6,4
8	1,7	115	53	29,4	33,3	3,9	21	13:00	483		4,2
9	1,7	120	51	28,8	29,0	0,2	20	14:00	24		1,2
Total							2974				928

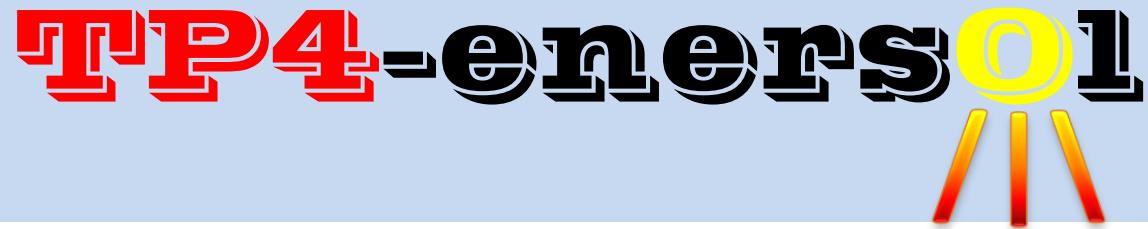


Συμπέρασμα των δοκιμών 3x1 μέτρο με κατεύθυνση 0° South και κλίση 50° είναι ότι  
το θερμικό στοιχείο αποδίδει 3 ως 4 φορές περισσότερη ενέργεια από το φωτοβολταϊκό στοιχείο  
Conclusion of this test of 3x1 meter at 0° South orientation and 50° inclination are that  
The thermal module TD collects 3 to 4 times more solar energy in W than the photovoltaic module PV

Total	32-35	νέρο	δίνει	2974 W	με ηλιοφανεία	0 και για PV μονον	928 Watt
-------	-------	------	-------	--------	---------------	--------------------	----------

The insolation rates are for horizontal surface and m<sup>2</sup>

**Proofs that TD-mode gives 4 x energy than PV-mode**



## Comparing PV-output with and without tracking

object	terace	Areos 22/ Αλκυονης				P.Faliron				Direction		25° West		Enersol		TP4-II		PV only		No 1																																																															
date	time	center	panel	Amp	VDC	PV	W	Amp	VDC	PV	W	solar	air	water	water	TP4	flow	water	Watt																																																																
				tracker	tracker	output		30°C	30°C	output		radiat.	temp	in	out	temp	L/h	Dt	TD																																																																
19 sep-12		25'west	tilt																																																																																
	8:00		shadow																																																																																
	8:30		-35	0,78	3,25	2,54	0,48		3,16	1,52		300	23,1					23,9																																																																	
	9:00		-15	1,97	3,33	6,56	1,32		3,29	4,34		380	26					27,8																																																																	
	9:30		-5	2,71	3,35	9,08	2,08		3,33	6,93		500	26,4					30																																																																	
	10:00		5	3,59	3,35	12,03	3,24		3,34	10,82		680	27,1					31,8																																																																	
	10:30		15	4,85	3,27	15,86	4,35		3,27	14,22		750	29,3					39,3																																																																	
	11:00					16,97				15,36																																																																									
	11:30					18,08				16,50																																																																									
	12:00					19,19				17,63																																																																									
	12:30					20,30				18,77																																																																									
	13:00					21,41				19,90																																																																									
	13:30					21,52				21,04																																																																									
	14:00			40	7,5	3,15	23,63	7,04	3,15	22,18		750	31					48,1																																																																	
	14:30			45	7,43	3,15	23,40	7,3	3,14	22,92		750	30,7					49,4																																																																	
	15:00			45	7,13	3,17	22,60	6,93	3,13	21,69		680	30,4					47,2																																																																	
	15:30			45	6,6	3,16	20,86	6,51	3,15	20,51		660	30,4					45,2																																																																	
	16:00			50	6,9	3,14	21,67	6,72	3,13	21,03		720	30,8					46,1																																																																	
	16:30			45	5,72	3,19	18,25	5,5	3,17	17,44		580	28,3					42,8																																																																	
	17:00			50	4,92	3,28	16,14	4,54	3,26	14,80		530	27,1					35,9																																																																	
	17:30			45	4,1	3,25	13,33	3,81	3,24	12,34		500	28,1					36,4																																																																	
	18:00			35	2,63	3,28	8,63	2,63	3,27	8,60		430	26,7					30,7																																																																	
	18:30																																																																																		
	19:00		shadow																																																																																
	19:30		shadow																																																																																
	medium values						total W			total W																																																																									
							8,3	0,7	329	4,5	3,2	307	565	26,6	0	0	36,5	0																																																																	
Notices	Above results are measured from a TP4-II PV panel Panel is positioned with PV-side towards the insolation <b>TRACKER &amp; FIXED POSITION</b> Medium exterior outside temperature = 26,6 Medium back space PV-module temperature = 36,5 Medium water flow through panel pipe = 0 Medium water temperature inlet = 0,0 Medium water temperature outlet = 0,0 Medium temperature increase / 3 m panel length = 0,0 Converted to medium panel length 2,5 m = 0,0 low gain of morning and evening insolation' watth kwh/m2 a) the total energy gain tracked PV-function is 329 2,16 b) the total energy gain No tracker PV function is 307 2,01 max. TP4 backspace temperature 49,4																																																																																		
	<p>The graph plots PV output (Watt) against time (8:30 to 18:00). It shows two curves: one for 'W/m 25°C tracking' (blue diamonds) and one for 'W/m 25°C fixed 30°' (pink squares). The tracking curve is consistently higher than the fixed position curve, particularly after 12:00. A shaded gray area represents the 'TP4-II PV output without cooling water'.</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Data points estimated from the graph</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Time</th> <th>W/m 25°C tracking (W)</th> <th>W/m 25°C fixed 30° (W)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>8:30</td><td>~3.5</td><td>~2.5</td></tr> <tr><td>9:00</td><td>~6.5</td><td>~4.5</td></tr> <tr><td>9:30</td><td>~10.5</td><td>~8.5</td></tr> <tr><td>10:00</td><td>~14.5</td><td>~12.5</td></tr> <tr><td>10:30</td><td>~18.5</td><td>~16.5</td></tr> <tr><td>11:00</td><td>~21.5</td><td>~19.5</td></tr> <tr><td>11:30</td><td>~23.5</td><td>~21.5</td></tr> <tr><td>12:00</td><td>~25.5</td><td>~23.5</td></tr> <tr><td>12:30</td><td>~27.5</td><td>~25.5</td></tr> <tr><td>13:00</td><td>~29.5</td><td>~27.5</td></tr> <tr><td>13:30</td><td>~31.5</td><td>~29.5</td></tr> <tr><td>14:00</td><td>~33.5</td><td>~31.5</td></tr> <tr><td>14:30</td><td>~35.5</td><td>~33.5</td></tr> <tr><td>15:00</td><td>~34.5</td><td>~32.5</td></tr> <tr><td>15:30</td><td>~33.5</td><td>~31.5</td></tr> <tr><td>16:00</td><td>~32.5</td><td>~30.5</td></tr> <tr><td>16:30</td><td>~31.5</td><td>~29.5</td></tr> <tr><td>17:00</td><td>~29.5</td><td>~27.5</td></tr> <tr><td>17:30</td><td>~27.5</td><td>~25.5</td></tr> <tr><td>18:00</td><td>~25.5</td><td>~23.5</td></tr> </tbody> </table>																				Time	W/m 25°C tracking (W)	W/m 25°C fixed 30° (W)	8:30	~3.5	~2.5	9:00	~6.5	~4.5	9:30	~10.5	~8.5	10:00	~14.5	~12.5	10:30	~18.5	~16.5	11:00	~21.5	~19.5	11:30	~23.5	~21.5	12:00	~25.5	~23.5	12:30	~27.5	~25.5	13:00	~29.5	~27.5	13:30	~31.5	~29.5	14:00	~33.5	~31.5	14:30	~35.5	~33.5	15:00	~34.5	~32.5	15:30	~33.5	~31.5	16:00	~32.5	~30.5	16:30	~31.5	~29.5	17:00	~29.5	~27.5	17:30	~27.5	~25.5	18:00	~25.5	~23.5
Time	W/m 25°C tracking (W)	W/m 25°C fixed 30° (W)																																																																																	
8:30	~3.5	~2.5																																																																																	
9:00	~6.5	~4.5																																																																																	
9:30	~10.5	~8.5																																																																																	
10:00	~14.5	~12.5																																																																																	
10:30	~18.5	~16.5																																																																																	
11:00	~21.5	~19.5																																																																																	
11:30	~23.5	~21.5																																																																																	
12:00	~25.5	~23.5																																																																																	
12:30	~27.5	~25.5																																																																																	
13:00	~29.5	~27.5																																																																																	
13:30	~31.5	~29.5																																																																																	
14:00	~33.5	~31.5																																																																																	
14:30	~35.5	~33.5																																																																																	
15:00	~34.5	~32.5																																																																																	
15:30	~33.5	~31.5																																																																																	
16:00	~32.5	~30.5																																																																																	
16:30	~31.5	~29.5																																																																																	
17:00	~29.5	~27.5																																																																																	
17:30	~27.5	~25.5																																																																																	
18:00	~25.5	~23.5																																																																																	

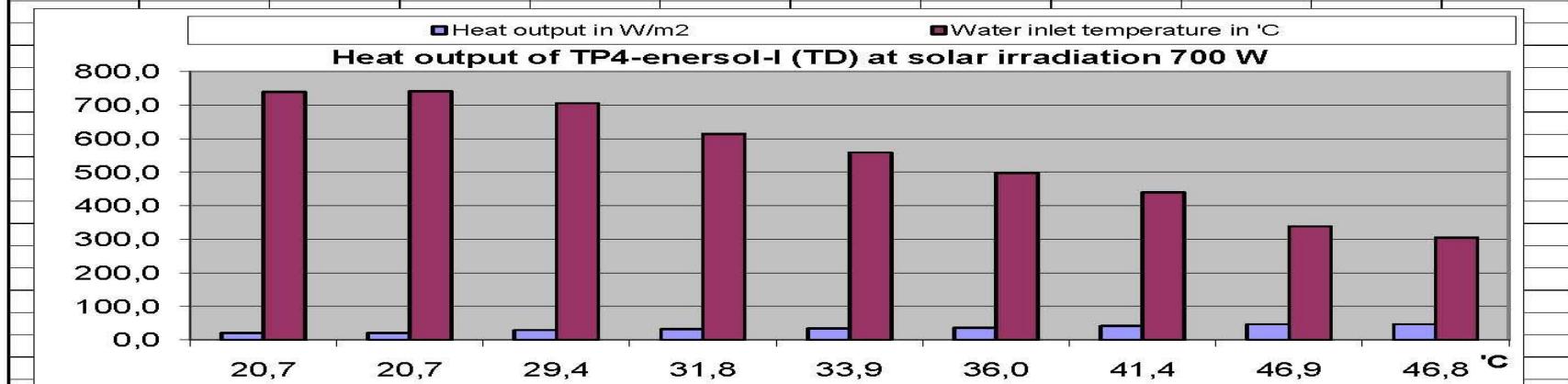
+ 10% output when at 25' Southwest orientation

# TP4-enersol



## tests TD-mode output at various inlet temperatures

ΔΟΚΙΜΗ	8 οκτ-12	Αρεος 22	Π.Φαλιρος	Ταρασα	3*1 μετρο parallel	Area =	0,46 m2	Solar insolation	% effect
Test	Volume	Seconds	L/h	Tin	Tout	Dt	Tout	Time	Watt/m2
1	1,7	42	146	20,7	22,7	2	30	12:20	739
2	1,7	44	139	20,7	22,8	2,1	30	12:25	741
3	1,7	44	139	29,4	31,4	2	30	12:30	705
4	1,7	48	128	31,8	33,7	1,9	30	13:25	614
5	1,7	50	122	33,9	35,7	1,8	30	13:40	559
6	1,7	50	122	36,0	37,6	1,6	30	13:45	497
7	1,7	53	115	41,4	42,9	1,5	30	13:45	439
8	1,7	55	111	46,9	48,1	1,2	30	14:00	339
9	1,7	56	109	46,8	47,9	1,1	30	13:30	305



Test to define the percentage of heat output depending on the temperature of incoming water

Conclusion of test with 3 x 1 m parallel at position 0° south and inclination 45°

1.	20°C	νερο	δινει	700	W	με ηλιοφανεια	680	ισον	103	%
2.	30°C	νερο	δινει	660	W	με ηλιοφανεια	700	ισον	94	%
3.	36°C	νερο	δινει	590	W	με ηλιοφανεια	690	ισον	86	%
4.	40°C	νερο	δινει	440	W	με ηλιοφανεια	690	ισον	64	%
5.	47°C	νερο	δινει	320	W	με ηλιοφανεια	690	ισον	46	%

At 47°C water input the TD-mode output is 46 %